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RUSH FROM THE TRUTH.

The Sampson Democrat Refuses to Publish The Following Letter From Senator Butler After Calling For It.

READ IT AND SEE WHY.

That Paper Misrepresents Senator Butler and The Peoples Party—It is Trying to Make it Appear That He Dodged a Vote and Refused to Answer a Question—Senator Butler's Reply Gives The Facts But That Paper Refuses to Publish It—The Populists in Congress and The Tariff—The Effort of The Old Parties to Sidetrack Bryan and The Money Question With a Sham Tariff Fight—Both Old Parties Have Protected and Fostered Trusts—The Only Remedy For Trusts is to Remove The Causes That Produce Them—The Address Issued by The Populist Congressmen and Senators.—This Latter Is a Campaign Document.

The following letter will be especially interesting to silver Democrats. The week before Senator Butlers's recent speech in Clinton, some one signing himself "A Voter" published an anonymous card in the Sampson Democrat asking the Senator to explain his tariff record in Congress. When he made his speech he could not get the author of the questions, the editor of the Democrat, or any one else to father the questions. He said that he would gladly answer them if any one would stand up and ask them, or if any one would say that he desired Senator Butler to answer them. Not a single man expressed such a desire, but the audience yelled out "no".

The Sampson Democrat, in reporting his speech, failed to state these facts, but tried to create the impression that Senator Butler dodged the question and was afraid to explain his position on the tariff.

On September 25th Senator Butler wrote a reply to the misrepresentations and sent to that paper with a request to publish, but the editor refused.

The letter is as follows:

EDITOR SAMPSON DEMOCRAT,
Clinton, N. C.

DEAR SIR:—I did not see a copy of your paper containing a report of my recent speech at Clinton, but I noticed the following extract in another paper clipped from your paper:

"He declined to answer the questions put to him in a recent issue of the "Democrat" by "Voter," on the ground that the writer of the same did not sign his real name. This leaves his reasons for not voting against a tariff bill that favored the interests of trusts in the items of sugar and cotton ties still a mystery."

Every man who heard my speech knows that the above statement is not only unfair and misleading, but grossly inaccurate. Such a statement can do neither me nor the People's party any harm in Sampson county, and can only serve to discredit your paper as a fair and true journal with men of all parties who heard my speech, and if the above extract had not been copied in other papers, I should not have noticed it.

Your report gives the impression to those who did not hear the speech that I dodged or refused to answer questions put to me about my record. Nothing could be further from the truth. I have never dodged a vote either in the State Senate or in the United States Senate. There never has been any doubt about my position on any public question, and I have never refused to answer a question put to me on the stump when faced by the man asking it.

I went on the stand at Clinton prepared with copies of the Congressional Record and with a copy of the address issued by the Populist and Silver Republican Congressmen and Senators, not only to answer the questions propounded through your paper by some one, who saw fit to hide behind the non de plume of a "voter," but also," to put "a voter" on the witness stand before the audience, if I could succeed in forcing any one to stand sponsor for the questions referred to.

The author of these questions, whoever he is, showed by the careful and guarded way in which he framed his language that he had read the Congressional Record, and therefore knew that his own statements were false, but that he had simply written and published them with the hope of deceiving such persons as might read them but who would not hear my speech. The first question he asked was worded about as follows:

"Will Senator Butler explain why he refrained from voting on the final passage of the tariff bill?"

Why was this word "final" put in this question? Because "A Voter," whoever he is, had read the Congressional Record carefully each day, and had found that both by speech and vote I had fought and opposed every bad section (including both sugar and cotton ties) or discriminating feature of the tariff bill, from beginning to end. He knows that I am recorded on the side of the people on every vote, on every single item of the bill from the first paragraph to the last paragraph. He also knows that I offered numerous amendments to improve the bill and fought for them vigorously, of which facts you seem to be ignorant.

I wanted to make "A Voter," whoever he is, confess all of these things before that audience. I wanted also to make him testify to the fact that I offered the first amendment to put cotton bagging and ties on the free list, and that no one fought longer and more vigorously for the adoption of an amendment to this effect (the test vote was on Senator Pettus' amendment) than I did. I also wanted to make "A Voter" testify before that audience that the Republicans have passed an anti-trust law which is a fraud and a sham, and under which trusts they live, thrive and prosper. I wanted to make him admit and testify that the Democrats passed an anti-trust law as a part of the Wilson tariff bill, but that law was a sham and a fraud, and that under it trusts have thrived and prospered. Then I wanted to make him admit and testify to the fact that the best anti-trust law that has ever yet been offered was one prepared by the Populists and Silver Republicans and introduced by Senator Pettigrew as an amendment to the Dingley tariff bill. The amendment was to the effect that every article made in this country, which is controlled by a trust shall be put on the free list, and that any citizen can bring an action in any court to establish the fact as to whether or not a trust exists in a certain line of business. This was not only far-reaching, but it provided the machiney so as to make it effective as far as the tariff bill was concerned, which all other anti-trust laws have failed to do. Did this amendment pass? No. It was supported solidly by every Populist, but Democratic votes joined with the Republican vote to defeat it.

The Democrats who opposed our anti-trust amendment (and it was directed chiefly against the sugar trust) claimed that it was unconstitutional and gave this as an excuse for joining the Republicans and voting against it. We challenged them to show wherein it was unconstitutional and offered to accept any amendment or change that they would suggest that would make the amendment constitutional and secure their support. But they refused. They would not accept our amendment, they would not suggest how it could be changed. They would not offer an amendment of their own, but simply joined the Republicans in voting our amendment down. It was these Democrats who relieved the Republicans of the responsibility of killing the best anti-trust amendment ever before Congress, and the vote of these Democrats will be quoted as a justification by every monopoly Republican in the next campaign. "It was unconstitutional," they will cry, and quote Democratic testimony to sustain them.

If this amendment could have been put on the tariff bill then the Republicans would have been put in the position of being forced to accept their tariff bill with this amendment or to defeat their tariff bill, because this amendment against trusts was on it, and was the policy pursued by the Populists and Silver Republicans from beginning to end, to try to amend the bill in every respect possible, to remove inequalities and injustice, (knowing that the Republicans had secured enough votes to pass it on the final vote, no matter how we voted,) and having done this, leaves the Republicans to accept it or be responsible for rejecting their own measure.

These are the reasons why I demanded, to know the name of the man who asked the questions. When he refused to answer, though I still believe he was in the audience, I asked if you, as the editor of the paper would father the questions. You did not answer. I then asked if any Democrat in the audience would father the questions. No one would answer. I then asked if anybody, Democrat, Republican or Populist in the audience who wanted me to answer the question saying I would answer them if a single man would ask me to do so. No one said yes, but there came a volley of "noes." I had intended to answer the questions even if I could get no one to father them, but when no one seemed to care anything about the questions, and when the audience expressed its desire for me to ignore them, then, and then only, did I pass them over. All of this you know. You should have been fair and manly enough to state these facts or at least say nothing. There was no excuse for you to misrepresent me and the facts.

The policy referred to above was outlined by the Populists and Silver Republicans and set forth in an official address signed by every Populist Congressman and Senator and endorsed by all of the Teller Silver Republicans in the latter part of March immediately after the extra session was called and before the tariff bill was ever reported. I will ask you to publish this address at the end of my card in order that your readers may see the position taken by the Populists and silver Republicans before the tariff bill was ever introduced, and our reasons for the same. We know that there was a concerted movement on the part of both Democrats and Republicans to try to sidetrack the financial question and make the tariff again an issue in 1898 and 1900. We saw at that time evidence of it in both the old parties in both Houses of Congress. We saw evidences of it in the press of both parties. And to-day the only papers and politicians who are criticising the position of the Peoples Party with reference to the tariff bill are the gold and monopoly papers and politicians, and certain other so-called Democratic papers who want to revive the tariff in order to sidetrack Bryan and the financial and monopoly reforms. Has not the Charlotte Observer in this State been constantly criticising the Populists for their position and striving to draw me and others into a controversy over the tariff? And papers of the stripe of the Charlotte Observer are making this effort everywhere. They know and we know that other and greater causes than any tariff legislation are responsible for the hard times, and they know and we know that no tariff legislation however wise and just can remove the present evils and estore prosperity.

They know and we know that the money power and monopolies got their clutches on the throat of the people while the politicians of both of the old parties (most of whom were the agents of the Rothschilds) and the monopolies were fooling the people each campaign with the sham tariff battle while they kept in the background the real vital issues. They know it, but they want to keep the truth from the public. Hence their great anxiety to keep the two old parties divided on the tariff as the only leading issue between them, while the gold syndicate would own and control both as they have for the last thirty years, except when Bryan was nominated.

The Peoples Party forced this great and important truth before the country and pushed the vital issues to the front in the last national campaign. Bryan publicly declared that he would leave the Democratic party if these vital issues were not taken up by that party. The Cleveland tariff politicians are of course mad. The politicians of both of the two old parties, who were thus driven from serving monopolies and the gold standard (by keeping up between them a sham battle over the tariff) are of course anxious to sidetrack the overshadowing economic questions and to again revive the tariff, and of course they are displeased at the action taken by the Populist Congressmen and Senators and the Silver Republican Congressmen and Senators in the last Congress because that action disrupts their scheme and preserve the issues for which Bryan contended in the last campaign. Of course they are also mad with Bryan and are secretly preparing to knife him. The railroads are all for the gold standard. They supported McKinley in the last campaign. They care nothing about the tariff. They would support a Cleveland free trader as quick as they would a McKinley protectionist, just so he was a goldbug and a monopolist. And in every State where the railroads can capture the legislature and the Democratic committees next election, they will get a delegation to oppose Bryan in 1900. This scheme is now being worked in North Carolina behind the "tariff and nigger racket."

Your insinuations that I took this position on the tariff question in order to curry favor with the Republicans and to get their support to be re-elected to the Senate in 1900 shows that you are very poorly informed or else that you wilfully intended to do me an injustice. You must know that most of the Populist Congressmen and Senators were elected by the help of Democratic votes, and they took the same position that I did. Now did Senator Allen refrain from voting on the final passage of the tariff bill in order to curry favor with the Democrat in his State? It would no doubt have pleased the partisan and monopoly Democrats in Nebraska for Senator Allen to have sided with the Democrats of that kind in the Senate in trying to sidetrack greater questions and making the tariff the leading issue. But Senator Allen did his duty. He knew that the People's party must take such action as would emphasize the importance of the financial and monopoly reforms above all other questions; and he did it regardless of the consequences. He put the interest of the people and the whole country above his own personal ambition. Besides, the Republicans would rather help elect a free trader who was for the gold standard to the Senate than a protectionist who was for free silver sixteen to one, more greenbacks, and against monopoly rule.

I might also call the attention to the well known fact, but a fact which you seem not to know, that there was no chance of the defeat of the tariff bill no matter how the Populists voted. The Republicans had secured enough Democratic help pledged to vote with them to insure the "final" passage of the bill, no matter what shape it was in. Our only hope was to improve the bill if possible when the fight was being made by sections. This I and every Populist and Silver Republican did. We went further. When the tariff bill was reported back to the Senate by the conference committee we went to the Democrats and told them that we had assurances from one or two Republicans that they would help us to send the tariff back to conference and keep it there until certain changes at least could be made in it if the Democrats would give us their solid backing in such a fight. A number of Democrats favored doing this, but they could not get the united strength of their party, and therefore the effort was defeated. The statement was made by some of the Democrats that if the tariff bill was in the shape that the Republicans wanted it, then they wanted it to pass in that shape, no matter who bad it was. This was the class of Democrats who hoped that the bill would be made bad enough to enable them to sidetrack Bryan and the money and monopoly issues and make tariff the leading issue in the next campaign. This kind of Democrat and the Republicans were working for the same purpose.

Trusts—the Cause and the Remedy.

As for trusts, every intelligent man knows that trusts and combines thrived and prospered and multiplied in number under the Democratic Wilson tariff law as much as they did under the Republican McKinley tariff law. What is a trust? It is simply a complete monopoly of any line of business. How is it possible for any syndicate or set of individuals to get such a monopoly of any line of business? Every intelligent man knows that the only way that such a thing can be accomplished is for the said syndicate or set of individuals to first get control of the instruments of commerce. Those who control the instruments of commerce control commerce itself. Every intelligent man knows that there are three instruments of commerce that vitally effect every line of business in the nation, namely: money, transportation and the transmission of intelligence. The constitution places the control of commerce and therefore these instruments of commerce in the hands of the government in order to prevent discrimination and to insure an equal opportunity and free competition to all men and all business. But Congress has either foolishly or corruptly turned over these all powerful and vital instruments of commerce into the hands or private syndicates and monopolies, hence few individuals of syndicates that have been thus clothed or invested with a trust on money, a trust on transportation, and a trust on information have in their power to absolutely place every business in the country into a trust at their will and pleasure. They will do this under a high tariff or a low tariff; they will do it under free trade. Therefore

(Continued on 4th page.)

"CYCLONE" DAVIS WRITES.

HOW THE POLITICAL SITUATION IN THE NORTHEAST LOOKS TO A SOUTHERN POPULIST.

The Condition of The Wealth Producer in Both Sections The Same and From The Same Causes—How The Political Surroundings of The Southern and Western Populist Differ, But They Are of The Same Mind and Purpose.

"Hon. "Cyclone" Davis, of Texas, has accepted an invitatian to make a series of speeches in State campaigns in Nebraska and Iowa now in progress. He writes a letter to his home paper, the Alliance Vindicator, at Sulphur Springs, Texas, as follows:

CORYDON, Iowa, Sept. 8, 1897.

To the readers of the Vindicator:

When I left Texas I crossed Oklahoma and the Indian Territory, Eastern Kansas and Eastern Nebraska to Lincoln. In most of these sections crops are fine; growing corn in Eastern Kansas, Eastern Nebraska Western Iowa is fine and there are millions of bushels of old corn. It is nothing unusual to find from ten to fifty thousand bushels of last years corn in "corn bins" and elevators at a country depot. Shelling machines at the depots are run by small steam and horse power like threshers. It seemed terrible to contemplate this vast amount of corn here with virtually no market at living prices, while our country, for the past year, has been in such sore need of it. This man has been choked to death by the same monopoly of money and transportation that starved us because we were unable to buy and transport to our country. And the corn that did go to our country was sold here at such a low price as to make this man heartsick and despondent and yet reached our market at such a price that, in our condition, forced our people to burden themselves to buy.

Politics are in a strange condition to a Southern Populist. The Silver Republican, Silver Democrat and Populist all call each other "brother." That imperial insolence, that autocratic, prognostic, dogmatic air of the Southern Democrat is not found among Democrats in the Northwest. They and the Populists have both been under the cowering lash of Republican rule here for years, just as we Populists and Republicans in the South have been under the scorn, contempt, ridicule and rank ruin of the Democracy in the South. The Democrats here and Silver Republicans are the most of them Populists in everything but the name and they are generally not sticklers about the name. But nine out of ten of all reformers here are hoping praying and working to unite all the forces in the campaign of 1900. And when I tell them that the condition and position of the Southern Democracy is such that he will recognize no union except the unconditional surrender and abject submission of the Populists of the South to his tyrannical way, when I tell them that it is the Democratic dynasty in the South that is responsible for the intense partisan hatred that exist there and for the middle-of-the-road organization they seem thunderstruck.

The great battle cry here is a union of the South and West against the gold standard East. But I tell them it can never be done if it means that we Populists in the South are to be made the only martyrs, if we are to be made a sacrificial offering at the shrine of democracy of that country who for six years have maligned and traduced us, scorned and contempted us, heaped their ignominy and opprobrium on us, loaded us with contempt and contumely, stained our garments with stale eggs, baptised many of us in our own blood and sent others to the grave yard because we advocated this doctrine, they seemed amazed. I have told them and still tell them that our people in the South only want fair, honest and honorable treatment, and our party be recognized as a factor and our people be recognized as patriots by the Southern democracy. And unless this is done there can be no union, co-operation or allegiance in the South, and if the Southern Populists is forced to choose between unconditional surrender to the democracy as the price of union or unabating warfare on the democracy to uphold his party, his honor and self respect he will choose the latter. And in that case, armed with the justice of his cause and forced into this attitude by the base intolerance of the democracy he will find patriotic sympathy enough among the Populists of the Northwest to make almost every State up there doubtful in 1900.

I have been asked if in order to insure a congress against the gold standard crowd next time, the Populist, silver democrats be given their just ratio of congressional nominees next year, all combine on these in every State, if that would satisfy the Southern Populists.

I tell them that I am not authorized to speak for the Southern Populists nor any one else but am showing them conditions. They seem to believe this can be done both in the next campaign and in 1900, and yet leave every party with its own party autonomy.

I want to say to our friends in the South that there is no intention upon the part of Populists here to desert the cause or desert the party. They view the silver question as only the gateway to a complete revolution to our financial system as a stepping stone to the total abolition of highway and land monopoly also. I think there will be a heroic effort made to reconcile the partisan animosities that exist in the South. If there is an honorable opportunity I hope the Populists will se act in the South as to make the failure to overthrow the gold power in 1900 rest on the shoulders of the Southern Democracy. We have great enthusiasm everywhere I go and the people are alive to the issues involved. Will write again soon.

J. H. DAVIS.

Every man having a beard should keep it an even and natural color, and if it is not so already, use Buckingham's Dye and appear tidy.

FEVER CONTINUES TO SPREAD.

THE LATE REPORTS FROM THE INFECTED DISTRICTS SHOW AN INCREASE IN NUMBER OF CASES.

A Summary of the Fever—There Have Been 683 Cases and 60 Deaths—Statistics of the Different Cities Infected.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—A summary of the progress of the yellow fever epidemic up to the close of the day, yesterday, made in the office of the surgeon general of the Marine Hospital Service, a total of 682 cases and 60 deaths in the entire country, distributed by cities and towns as follows: Edwards, Miss., 211 cases and 6 deaths; New Orleans, 203 cases and 24 deaths; Biloxi, Miss., 135 cases and 7 deaths; Mobile, Ala., up to Tuesday night, 53 cases and 8 deaths; Scranton, Miss., 39 cases and 3 deaths; Ocean Springs, Miss., 23 case and 6 deaths; Barkley, Miss., 10 cases and 4 deaths; Cairo, Ill., 4 cases; Atlanta Ga., Louisville, Ky., Perkinton, Miss., and Beamont, Tex., 1 case each, the cases at Louisville and Beaumont proving fatal.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 1.—To day was again something of a record-breaker in the matter of new cases. They cropped up in all directions, but up to 6 o'clock the death record was still low. The fever is rapidly spreading in many directions, but the large majority of cases are proving to be of a harmless type. The weather is warm and the conditions excellent for new cases. But the death percentage has fallen considerably below the record of 1878

The most important new case is Dr. Beverley Warner, pastor of the rich Trinity Church. His case is a mild one. Rich and poor alike have been stricken to-day and the Board of Health reports seem to show that the best drained and kept streets are presenting cases as numerously as those which are minus of sanitation.

The authorities continue to keep the waterwork plugs open and every gutter is filled with running water.

A bitter fight is being made on the Board of Health because it is insisting on quarantining inmates of houses in which yellow fever exists in those houses which adjoin.

The fever here of course, has not been declared epidemic; and for that reason physicians are disinclined to report yellow fever. A number of doctors said to night, in a formal protest, that if their names are reported in connection with yellow fever patients their practice will be ruined.

EDWARDS, Miss. Oct. 1.—Nineteen new cases have been reported to-day, of which eleven are white and eight colored.

MOBILE, Ala., Oct. 1.—The increase of number of cases continues slow, there being but seven cases reported to-day.

RUSSIA BUILDS HER RAILROADS AND CANALS.

Why Shall not Our Government Build and Own the Niagara Canal and Also Our Railroads as Russia Does?—What the Russians Mean to do.

Hartford Courant.]

A correspondent of the Birmingham Post, of England, states on the authority of a Russian official that work is soon to be begun in earnest on the great canal to connect the Baltic and the Black Seas, between which there is already an important communication by the headwaters of the Volga. The canal will cost about $25,000,000 and will be 1,100 miles long and twenty-seven feet deep and will admit of the passage of the largest iron-clad; what is more to the purpose it will carry steamers laden with wheat to the ocean. The government and the district through which it passes will build this great waterway. It behooves us to hurry up with the Niagara ship canal if we wish to compete with Russia in supplying the English market. The Russians seem to have the ability to plan great enterprises and to carry them out, too. Witness the Trans-Siberian Railway.

NEGRO EMIGRANTS' SAD STORY.

Eight of the Labrador's Party Reach Liverpool From Liberia.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 29.—Otley Waite and wife, children and G. W. Farmer and wife, all colored, who belong to a party of 315 emigrants that left Savannah for Liberia by the steamer Labrador, in March, 1896, have just arrived here from Liberia. The Farmers are destitute and the Waites have only enough money to enable them to reach the United States.

All the adult members of the party described the condition of those whom they had left in Liberia as being most pitable. They say the land promised them by the Liberian agents turned out to be absolutely no good; they claim there is no gold or diamonds there; they assert that more than half the Labrador's party are dead, and that the rest of them are trying to reach the United States.

The Waites and Farmers say in conclusion that the Liberian government did nothing for them, and that the climate of the republic of Liberia is most unhealthy.

ANY PERSON.

Wishing to know the truth in regard to their health should not fail to send for a valuable and new 64 page Booklet which will be sent FREE for a short time to those who mention this paper. This book is published by the celebrated physcians and specialists—Dr. Hathaway & Co., of 22½ South Broad St, Atlanta, Ga. whom you should address. Write today.

Virginia Populists.

DANVILLE, Va., Sept. 30.—The Populist county convention for Pittsylvania county, held at Chatham today, nominated a full legislative ticket, as follows: For House of Delegates, W. H. H. Cocke, Henry Berger, Vincent A. Witcher and John Walton. The convention invited the Populists of Danville and Henry Co. to confer with them with regard to naming a candidate for State Senator.

John Bowie Strange Camp Confederate Veterans has determined to erect in Charlottesville, an equestrian statue of Stonewall Jackson, to cost probably $50,000.

FORBIDDEN TO REMOVE A GAUGER

Judge Jackson Disagrees With The Other Courts About Civil Service.

WHEELING, W. Va., Sept. 29.—Judge Jackson, of the United States Circuit Court, to day granted a temporary injunction restraining Collector White from removing William Butler from his position as gauger at the Hannis distilery, to be finally heard October 6. A few weeks ago Judge Jackson granted a permanent injunction against the removal of Democratic deputy marshals from office. This action has been disagreed to by several United States Judges in other similar cases.

Judge Jackson to-day mentioned the different opinions held by Judge Cox and others, and in granting the injunction said: "It appears that Butler is to be removed in violation of the civil service rules. Circular No. 19. of the Acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and a recent order of Secretary Gage, prescribes that no removal shall be made from any position subject to competitive examination, except for just cause and upon written charges filed with the head of the department or other appointing officer, and of which the accused shall have full notice and an opportunity to make defense."

As to the jurisdiction of his court, denied by Judge Cox and other Federal Judges, Judge Jackson said he felt no doubt of his position.

BOLD WORK OF BANDITS.

Train Crew Held Up at Midday in Indian Territory—Crew Was Completely Surprised and Lined Up with Passengers to Be Plucked.

EL RENO, Okla., Oct 1.—Bandits robbed a Rock Island passenger train and all its passengers about five miles south of Minco, in the Indian Territory The railroad and express officials have feared a hold-up in that section for several weeks, and armed guards have been put aboard all night trains at El Reno and carried through to Chickasha. It had not been thought that the outlaws were bold enoughto attack a train in midday. The morning trainmen were completely surprised and they were not prepared to offer any resistance when five masked men came up on them at the lonely siding.

The place is uninhabited, the only person in the vicinity at the time being four section men. These section men flagged the train, the robbers having compelled them to do so. The bandits were hidden then in a brush pile and jumped out as soon as the passenger train had taken the siding.

Under the pressure of Winchesters and ugly-looking six-shooters the trainmen, the express messenger and all of the score or more of passengers were made to climb down from the train and stand in a line, hands up, on the prairie along the railway. While three of the robbers covered the badly frightened crowd with their guns the other two coolly and carefully robbed them, passing from one passenger to another down the line. The bandits secured about $300 in cash and such other valuables in the way of watches, pins, and jewelry as were in sight. The women passengers were not molested. Having taken forcible possession of everything that they could carry away, the bandits mounted their horse and rode off to the west with the probable intention of reaching their retreat in the Wichita Mountains.

A GOVERNOR'S WIFE INDICTED FOR FOR FORGERY.

Stands Charged With Having Forged Her Former Husband's Name to Receipts For Payments in Business Transactions.

WHEELING, W. Va., Oct. 1.—The case of Mrs. Myria Atkinson, wife of Governor George W. Atkinson, of West Virginia, on the charge of forgery, was begun to-day in the Circuit Court of Gilmer County. The case grows out of a long standing dispute over the large estate of her first husband, Judge G D. Camden. On his death the will, which left the estate to his wife, was contested by the Judge's grandchildren. The charged was then made that she had forged the will, but the courts sustained the will. Mrs. Camden agreed to a compromise by which the contestants was granted a portion of the estate. The dispute, however has been kept up, and a few weeks ago a Gilmer county man, to whom Mrs. Camden gave receipts for payments in a business matter, indicted her for forging the name of her husband to the receipt.

Judge Blizzard overruled a demurrer to the indictment.

The Governor appeared in court with his wife and it is said that conviction and sentence do not alarm the defendant, as she will rely on her husband for a full pardon.

A MEAN POP.

To be Furnishing Proof of Democratic Extravagance and Jobbery.

Our Home.]

Some sneaking Pop has intimated that the poor old worn out land that was rented for a State farm in Anson county was selected to give "relief" to certain Democratic patriots (?) who didn't care to cultivate the land themselves. And now comes a Populist State paper with the information that the rent paid for this farm is four time what it is worth. Aren't these Pops mighty mean folks to be talking about "unterrified Democrats" in such a manner?

Why The Messenger Could Not Publish Judge Avery's Card.

Hickory Mercury.]

The Wilmington Messenger didn't have the space to publish Judge Avery's letter. But the Messenger does give space to an editorial found in a negro paper, where the colored editor is declaring for more negro rights, a chance to hold office, etc. The Messenger glories in the brave "negro leader." When the "nigger" is with the Republican party, he is a stench in the nostrils of the Messenger; but when this same "nigger" kicks the Republican party, the Messenger hugs him, calls him "brother" and swears of "a sweet-smelling savor."

Quarantine Extended.

The quarantine against cattle from the infected cattle districts of North Carolina has been extended for a period of forty-five days. This is on account of the existence of tuberculosis in some sections of the State.

PARTY CHAOS.

Party Line is Being Eliminated—The People are Thinking and Will Vote as Their Judgment Dictates Regardless of Party-Name.

For The CAUCASIAN.

There is no real party line among any of the parties in North Carolina. Time was when the people were all of the party of their fathers or of the influences around them. That time is passed. There is no party line now anywhere. Talk about the Democratic party, where is it? Leading Democrats say it is to fight the Chicago platform and help Republicans. Other leading Democrats say that the Chicago platform is Populist, and therefore having no platform of "our own" we are not Democrats but Republicans and vote that way openly.

Then there are Democrats who are true silver standard men, who will vote their sentiments because they are honest sentiments and for the good of the country, whether Chicago platforms denounce or affirm their sentiments. And there are Republicans who are patriots regardless of office, who openly desire the country's prosperity and approve Senator Butler in all he has done in the Senate and openly declare he is the best Senator the State has had since the war. For a Senator of his age in the Senate and out of it, no State can produce his peer! He has passed more peoples law and got more of the peoples interests up *at par* than all the other humbug sensationalists.

Other Democrats, as used to be, vote squarely for the Chicago platform because they *believe* in it. And then there are honest Republicans who voted for Bryan, and would do it again on the silver issue. There are Populists who voted for Bryan, but some of them are of the selfish kind and want office, not caring for the country, and other Populists who secretly voted for McKinley, just as the gold Democrats did. There was a selfish, personal interest behind the gold Democrats and the office-wanting Populists.

Peffers, Tillmans and Hannas in the whole turn out of the nation. Mr McKinley sends out a silver Senator for the purpose of a blind to court foreign banks, but Butler works in the Senate, and the Senate is with him and the people are with *him*. Mr. Butler is a Populist, but leading "managers," so called in his party, are against him just as silver Republicans put no confidence in McKinley's Republican silver-international—fool business. The Democrats hate him because he broke party lines for the people, but the people will be heard from at the next election for Butler and Russell, regardless of old party lines.

VOX POPULI.

SOLD HER HUSBAND FOR $4,000.

The Other Woman Said She Loved Him More Than His Wife.

ST LOUIS, Mo., Oct. 1.—According to the Post-Dispatch John A. Truitt, a conductor of the North Central Electric Line, was sold to-day by his wife for $4,000 to a woman who declares that she loves him more than his wife does. The deal was the sequel to the following remarkable statement made to Mrs. Truitt by a Mrs. Stephens, who lives in this city with her father:

"Mrs. Truitt, I love your husband and I want him. I have traveled the world over and he is the first man I ever loved; I will give you $4,000 in cash for him if you will give him up"

Truitt, who is the father of four children, seems to agree to the deal. It is stated that last Tuesday Mrs. Truitt knowing that her husband loved another attempted to take her life by swallowing a big dose of morphine.

HOT CUBAN ENGAGEMENT.

No Milk and No Meat Produce Hardship at Havana.

HAVANA, via Key West, Fla., Oct. 2.—A considerable force of insurgents, according to official advices received here, attacked the town of Guayaba, in Puerta Principe, but were compelled to retire after a fight which lasted two hours. Both the insurgents and Spanish troops lost a number of men.

For the past week Havana has been entirely without a supply of meat, and today it has been impossible to obtain any milk, even for the sick and aged. The hospitals alone have meat, but even they have no milk. This condition of affairs has produced a feeling of great discontent among the people of all social classes.

NICARAGUAN BOUNDARY SETTLED.

Much Rejoicing Over the Decision Announced by Gen. Alexander.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, via Galveston, Texas, Oct. 1.—There is considerable rejoicing here, accompanied by military and civic displays, at the announcement that General Alexander, the engineer appointed by President Cleveland to settle the boundary dispute between Costa Rica and Nicaragua, has decided that the eastern boundary of Nicaragua and Costa Rica commences at the harbor head of Grey Town, as claimed by Nicaragua.

GENERAL WEYLER RECALLED.

His Successor Has Not Yet Been Appointed.

LONDON, Oct, 2—A dispatch from Madrid says General Weyler has been recalled from Cuba. The announcement, following a long conference of Marshal Martinez Campos with the Queen Regent is regarded as significant. Gen. Campos says he believed the change of policy possible without the dissolution of the cabinet. Weyler's successor has not been officially announced.

An Honest Democratic Editor.

There is a great deal of truth in the following strong tribute to the People's party which we copy from the Alexandria (Ala.) Town Talk, a Democratic paper. The Democratic press and politicians here in North Carolina are not sufficiently magnanimous to make a public acknowledgement of this kind, though we know to be true.

The People's party has been of great benefit to the politics of this country. It has caused voters to think and brought the Democratic party back to where it was twenty five years ago—the party of the people.

Its existence made it possible for the Democratic party to spurn the false teachings of leaders of the Cleveland stripe and made it possible to nominate for president a true and genuine man of the people, and a Democrat, William J. Bryan.

The Populist originated some splendid ideas, and an income tax, the government ownership of telegraph lines and the issuance of paper money exclusively by the general government will eventually be enacted into law.

The anti cigarette law, enacted by the General Assembly of Tennessee at its last session, was declared unconstitutional by United States Circuit Judge Lurton.

THE FREE PASS INIQUITY.

Wake County Grand Jury Find Presentments Against Certain Railroads for Violating the

RAILROAD COMMISSION ACT.

Judge Robinson's Charge to the Grand Jury Causes the Finding of the Presentments—The First Time That Such a Charge and Presentment has Been Made—The Caucasian's Fight for Reform on This Line Gaining Ground.

We make the following extract from Judge Robinson's charge to the grand jury at the September term of Wake County Superior Court:

"IF YOU FOUND YOUR JUDGE COMING TO HIS COURT ON A FREE PASS IT WOULD BE YOUR DUTY TO PRESENT THE MAN WHO GAVE IT TO HIM. IT WOULD BE THE DUTY OF THE LEGISLATURE TO IMPEACH THE JUDGE IF THE RAILROADS CAN AFFORD TO GIVE ME A FREE PASS, THEY CAN AFFORD TO SELL OTHER PEOPLE THEIR TICKETS CHEAPER. THE RAILROADS MIGHT AS WELL TRANSPORT THE JURY HERE TO SIT IN JUDGMENT ON THEIR CASES."

It is reported that the grand jury acting upon said charge, have found presentments against certain railroads in the State, charging them with having violated the laws of North Carolina by giving free passes.

This also is the first time such a presentment has ever been made, though the law making free passes unlawful was enacted nearly seven years ago and has been constantly and openly violated ever since.

The officers of two of the principal railroads of the State—the Seaboard and Southern—have been presented, and at the next term of court (January) bills of indictment will be drawn against them by the Solicitor.

The names of many of the most prominent men of the State, of all political parties, are said to be on these presentments.

In last week's issue of THE CAUCASSIAN, in an editorial under the captionof "Railroad Commission Act Makes Free Passes Unlawful" we quoted from the law which defines the offense and punishment for violation of the same.

No doubt this will result in a great legal battle, as the railroads will certainly employ able lawyers to fight for the free pass business.

It is also alleged that Dr Kirby Smith has been presented for a crime—his relation with insane female patients at the State penitentiary. This presentment will also come up at the January term.

The grand jury completed its labors Saturday and made its report to the court.

This report says that during the term six presentments have been made. The jail, work-house and county home were visited and are declared to be in good condition, both as to cleanliness and sanitation, and are supplied with wholesome food.

FIRE IN WASHINGTON, D. C.

Power Station of the Capitol Traction Company and Other Buildings Destroyed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—Fire broke out in the central power station of the Capital Traction Company a few minutes before eleven o'clock to-night and in thirty minutes the magnificent six story structure was doomed. The building occupies the entire block from Pennsylvania avenue to C street and from Thirteen and a-half to Fourteen streets. The blaze started on the south-west corner and despite the efforts of the entire fire department swept like wind through the enormous building. The heat was so intense that the men were driven from the adjoining street. When it became evident that no efforts could save the power station, the department turned its attention to the adjoining property; but flames leaped across Fourteen street on the west to a big livery stable and then across Thirteen and-a-half street on the east and attacked a row of three story bricks houses. So fearful was the heat that the firemen could not get within reach of the burning buildings. They were driven back foot by foot until the streams from the hose pipes could not reach the fire. The entire fire department was on the scene, but so fierce was the conflagration that their efforts were futile.

Approximately the loss will be $500,000.

PUBLIC SPEAKING

Hon. Marion Butler Will Address the People at Rocky Mount Oct 15 h 1897, on the Issue of the Day—Let the People Turn out to Him.

Senator Marion Butler will address the people of this section of the State at Rocky Mount on Friday, October 15th. Reduced will be given over the Coast Line and Branches for this occasion.

Let this be a grand rally of the people to hear this eloquent and distinguished North Carolinian.

W. E. FOUNTAIN
State Chairman P. P.

United States Wants More Space.

Maj. Moses P. Handy, the special U. S. Commissioner to the Paris Exposition of 1900, has had a cordial interview with the French Minister for foreign affairs, M. Hanotaux, in regard to the object of his visit to Europe; but he and his associates are dissatisfied with the small amount of space allotted to the United States and threatens to withdraw. It is practically impossible for the authorities to extend the space. Apart from the fact that the ground has been definitely chosen, the horse car and railroad lines approved and the concessions granted, there is no available space whatever in proximity to the building.

YELLOW FEVER GERMS

breed in the bowels. Kill them and your are safe from the awful disease. Cascarets destroy the germs throughout the system and make it impossible for new ones to form. Cascarets are the only reliable safe-guard for young and old against Yellow Jack 10c, 25c, 50c. all druggists.

THE CAUCASIAN

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20,000 SUBSCRIBERS FOR CAMPAIGN.

We have had a number of requests to make a special rate for THE CAUCASIAN for three months. We cannot do this. It means a loss to us. The paper cannot be published for less than $1.00 a year without loss. Besides, we want each subscriber to read the paper each week till the close of the coming campaign. Therefore we make this offer—we will send the paper from now till December 1, 1898, to each person who sends $1.00 now. Let every subscriber spare enough time to send in a club under this offer. Every voter should know the facts which THE CAUCASIAN is publishing each week.

"THE KIND OF A WHITE MAN'S PARTY NEEDED."

The News and Observer, after four week's hesitation and squirming, has at last been forced to answer—but what an answer! See how it dodges In the issue of September 26th it says:

THE CAUCASIAN asks: "Which kind of white man's party does the News and Observer favor?"

The same kind we had in North Carolina from 1876 to 1894. Ask us something hard.

And this is all that it says. It dodges the "hard" part of our question. In fact, it dodges the whole question at issue.

For the benefit of our many readers who have subscribed to THE CAUCASIAN during the past month, we will say that four weeks ago we published a column and a half editorial headed: "The Kind of a White Man's Party Needed," in which we showed the kind of the white man's party that all good men favor—one that will bring together to elect the next legislature all of the good citizens of the state who are honestly opposed to the gold standard and to the domination of the State by Rothschilds' railroad corporation.

We also showed that the railroad papers and machine politicians, acting under the order of Rothschild's "overseer" in North Carolina, wanted to get Gold Democrats and Silver Democrats together, the railroad Democrats and the anti-monopoly Democrats together in the same bed, and what they call a straight fight with the "nigger" as the issue. This would make a kind of a white man's party it is true, but a party of the Cleveland and Ransom stripe to serve the monopolies and turn over the next legislature to the railroads, with the ultimate object of downing Bryan in 1900.

Remember, that we set out the political situation and described these two kinds of white men's party and asked the News and Observer which kind it favored four weeks ago. Since that time we have repeated the same question in every issue of the paper, challenging the News and Observer and other papers that were yelling "nigger," and were claiming to favor a white man's party to answer. It was almost cruel for us to ask such a question of that paper, and we sympathize with the News and Observer greatly in its embarrassment, and therefore delay in answering. As we have said repeatedly, if it attempted to answer this question it would dodge the two pointed questions. We stated that it could not answer without convicting itself of being in favor of reinstating the Ransom Machine in power and turning over the next legislature to the railroads, unless it came out boldly and accepted the proposition which THE CAUCASSIAN made for a true white man's party in the interest of the people and good government.

The conscience of the editor of that paper has been lashing him for weeks, and we have sympathized with him in his embarrassment. On September the 25th, the day before the News and Observer attempted to answer, it is probable that something like this occurred: Some railroad attorney seeing the predicament in which THE CAUCASIAN had placed the News and Observer and other "nigger" organs, and seeing that the people were beginning to demand that they meet THE CAUCASIAN'S questions went to the News and Observer and suggested: "Why don't you answer by saying that you are in favor of the kind of a white man's party that we had from '76 to '94." This was a new thought to the editor of that paper; a great burden was lifted from him as he saw he could attempt to dodge our questions, and hence he ran to his desk and penned his little reply.

There is not a man who has read THE CAUCASIAN'S article in favor of a white man's party for reform and good government but what will smile at the lame and dodging reply of the News and Observer. It will remind each one of the case of the ostrich that thought it had hid when it stuck its head in the sand. But for the benefit of those, if there be such, who may think that the Observer's reply is in any way pertinent, we will state the following facts:

From 1876 to 1894, or rather from the administration of Vance to that of Russell, every governor has been a so-called Democrat, yet every one has been under the influence of the railway corporations of the State. Does the News and Observer want more Governors of that kind?

From 1876 to 1894 every legislature in North Carolina has been Democratic (except the Alliance legislature in 1891, and we are in favor of another legislature of that kind) yet every one of these legislatures, except the Alliance legislature, has been dominated and controlled by the railroads and the money lenders. Year after year, for ten years or more, the people ave been demanding a Railway Commission to control railroads and check ir discriminations and extortions, yet the railroad attorneys controlling the Democratic party each time made their campaign with the "nigger" and the tariff as the issues, and hence succeeded in getting a legislature each time that would down a Railroad Commission. Does the News and Observer want more legislatures of that kind?

It was in 1890 when the people rose in their might regardless of party, under the lead of the Farmer's Alliance, kicked the nigger and the railroad politicians in the background and made a great campaign against railroad domination and pledged every candidate for the legislature to vote for a Railway Commission and for other economic reforms, that the people first succeeded in electing a legislature the railroads did not control. The negro was not an issue in that campaign, and yet the white men got together and elected a legislature on the reform questions. THE CAUCASIAN is in favor of another such fight. Will the News and Observer join THE CAUCASIAN in making such a fight, or will it help the railroad attorneys to make the "nigger" an issue and elect another legislature that the railroad can control?

The same is true with reference to the six per cent. interest law. The people demanded it year after year. The railroads and the Cleveland and Ransom goldbugs in disguise who controlled the Democratic party each time promised it to them, but they made their campaign on the tariff and the "nigger" and succeeded in getting a legislature which the bankers and money lenders could control, and hence it was left for the Peoples Party members in 1894 to give the people the six per cent interest law, which they had so long demanded and which had been denied them by every Democratic legislature. Is the News and Observer in favor of electing the kind of a Democratic legislature that will repeal the six per cent. interest law?

From '76 to '94 every Democratic legislature (except the Alliance legislature) refused to pass laws to force railroads and other monopolies in the State to list their property and pay their share of taxation. Is the News and Observer in favor of electing another legislature of that kind which will repeal the laws which the Alliance and the Peoples Party have passed to force this vast amount of property to pay taxes?

For years the women, girls and teachers of the State had been demanding the establishment of a Normal Industrial and training School for girls. Every Democratic legislature under monopoly influence denied this appeal. The Alliance legislature granted the appeal. Which of the two kinds of legislatures does the News and Observer favor?

From '76 to '94 the Democratic party under the lead of the railroad attorneys and the Ransom Machine sent delegations to every national Democratic convention supporting a Cleveland goldbug for President. Does the News and Observer want to re-establish the rule of that ring and dynasty in order to slaughter Bryan in 1900?

In short from '76 to '94 the rule of this bourbon and monopoly machine which controlled the Democratic party betrayed the people so often that they were forced to resort to ballot-box stuffing and fraud, to perjury and bull-pen election methods, in order to perpetuate themselves in power and to protect themselves from the wrath of the people who wanted to vote to condemn their methods. Does the News and Observer want to re-establish the bull-pens and ballot-box prejury? If the railroads and the Ranson Machine capture the next legislature it will be done, and the News and Observer knows it.

These are only a few of the many reason why the good people of this state do want to see the Cleveland-Ransom monopoly machine reinstated in this state as they were from '76 to 94, with one exception. THE CAUCASIAN has been showing each week how the good people of this state who united on great economic reforms in '90 '91 to give us a white man's goverment which the trust and monopolist could not control, and which would legislate for the public good could be united in the a co-operative movement for the same purposes in the next campaign. We have also shown how the old Ransom machine controlled by railroads could again be re-organized and united. We have asked the News and Observer each week the pointed question, which one of those two kinds of white men's party it favored. It has dodged the question. We repeat the question: which of the two kinds of a white man's party does the News and Observer favor?

It will be no answer to this challenge for the News and Observer to attempt to dodge the question and the issues by saying that there are more negro constables and magistrates now than there were from '76 to '94. Whatever evils there are of this kind the Democratic party are responsible for them. Did not the People's party officially offer to co-operate with the Bryan Democrats to secure an anti-monopoly legislature in the last campaign? Did not the gold and railroad influence in the Democratic party force a rejection of this offer? Now, let the News and Observer take care that it is not responsible for other things that may follow. Take notice, that the People's party will not allow hypocrites crying "nigger" whose real purpose is to turn over the State to the railroads and the Ransom machine, to capture the State next year.

We repeat, that a co-operation of all those who are opposed to the gold standard and monopoly rule and in favor of the great reforms defeated in the last legislature will give us a white man's party such as we had represented in the legislature of 1891. This is the kind of a white man's party THE CAUCASIAN favors. Does the News and Observer favor this kind?

Every intelligent man in the State knows that a co-operation of the men of all parties who oppose the gold standard and who favor transportation reform means white supremacy. Then why are some newspapers that are yelling for a white man's party opposed to this? Because they are railroad organs.

STUPIDITY THAT IS NOT STUPID.

The monopoly grinder at Charlotte, when its editor is in possession of his natural faculties, is not stupid. But his latest flop in defence of the lease fraud is as muddy and maudlin as if it had come from the thick-skulled dotard who scribbles trash for the "Wilmington Mess." Listen to him:

"Thus it will be seen that Mr. Butler wants the State of North Carolina in its administration of the affairs of the North Carolina Railroad, to adopt the policy which he finds so reprehensible when pursued by Jay Gould and other corporationists. In other words, he is willing to see the private stockholders frozen out—their forty-nine shares of stock put on a basis on which they would not be worth a continental or Confederate note. If he doesn't mean this in the foregoing extract he doesn't mean anything at all. Then how much better is he than Jay Gould! In what particular does the moral character of the transaction proposed by one differ from that proposed by the other?"

Now suppose a man (call him Joseph) owns a majority of stock in a corporation. He is offered a big price for it by Jay or his successors. Must he decline a big profit because his minority associates cannot sell or will be hurt if he sells? Ordinary men would sell and say, "this is my property and I am not guardian for you."

"Oh, but my dear Joseph, if you sell to Jay he will have the control and will cheat me. He will eat up the profits in big salaries for himself and his cronies; and will use the property to feed other property that belongs entirely to him." So says the minority man.

Joseph would answer: "That is your lookout, not mine. If Jay cheats you then go to law or do the best you can. I have had the majority control and didn't cheat you. But if a horse trader offers me a big price for my horse, I have the right to take it without enquiring as to whether he will gamble with it or cheat somebody on the race track."

And so Joseph would sell his stock to Jay. Then Jay would proceed to cheat them according to law. He would apply to them the "laws of business" by means of which the whole breed of Jays, the Astors, the Rockrfellers, the Vanderbilts and Rothschilds and Morgans have piled up their wicked wealth; and without which consentrated help would not be in control of a subsidized and corrupt venal press.

But this corporation organ professes to believe that Joseph is as immoral in selling his own property for a good price, as is Jay in buying it for the purpose of running over the minority men and swindling them according to law.

He professes to believe that good men must never dispose of their own until they get the consent of all other good men and take security from the purchaser that he, himself, will be an angel. These truly good are scarce, except in corporation and monopoly railroad newspaper circles, where only true piety exists—piety that is measured by the gold dollar and keeps pace with its rising scale.

ANOTHER QUESTION FOR THE NEWS AND OBSERVER TO ANSWER.

"A friend tells of seeing some convicts at work in Caldwell and upon asking one of them the reason of their being there, got this answer: 'That fellow,' pointing to a brother in distress, 'is in for killing ov a cow; the rest of us are here for voting for Ed. Wakefield last year.'"—Farmer's Friend.

The News and Observer copies the above and comments on it as follows:

"Ed Wakefield left the Democratic party and joined the Populist Party because the Democratic party was not hostile enough to railroads and wasn't hot enough for silver. He was elected State Senator last year, and signalized his service by voting upon railroad questions in accordance with the desire of vice-President Andrews, after a whispered conversation with that railroad magnate in the Senate lobby."

The Peoples Party could not prevent a few bad men and hypocrites from leaving the Democratic party along with the tens of thousands of honest and patriotic men who compose the Peoples party, and besides, it could not be known who the bad men were until they have proven themselves unworthy. Now it seems that there are a very large number left in the Democratic party of the Wakefield stripe, if we are to judge by the action of a majority of the Democratic members of the last legislature. It will be remembered that nearly every Democrat in that legislature (all but seven we think) deserted the people and went with Wakefield on the side of Andrews and the Southern railroad.

The Peoples party promptly held a caucus and not only condemned Wakefield and the other bolters, but expelled them from the party in disgrace. Have the Democrats who did what Wakefield did been expelled from their party? No. Why not? Because the Ransom machine and the Southern Railway want to send them back to the next legislature, but they cannot do if the railroad question is discussed in the campaign. Therefore they are all interested in yelling "nigger."

The News and Observer further says that every Populist who voted for Wakefield ought to be sentenced to work on the public toads. Not too fast. We submit that only those who endorse him now should thus be punished. Then let us also sentence the Democrats to the same punishment who now endorse the action of the Democratic members who deserted and went over with Wakefield to the relief of the Rothschilds railroads against the people. Does the News and Observer favor this? We ask for an answer.

"ORGAN OF THE DISAPPOINTED OFFICE SEEKERS.

The following appeared in the editorial columns of the Charlotte Observer:

"The North Carolina organ of the Disappointed Office-Seekers, which is for fusion or anything, Lord, so it holds out hope of a government job, observes that it doesn't see as much as it did a week ago in the Democratic press about a straight fight; whereupon it shakes hands with itself and says it killed the movement. The organ deceives its conceited self. Little is being said about a straight fight because little more needs to be said. It is already settled upon."

This suggests a little recent history, and to our mind the Charlotte Observer shows very poor taste and judgement in alluding to it. When Ex-Senator Ransom betrayed the people of the State and barted his vote on the silver question to Cleveland for Federal patronage, it will be remembered that the late Senator Vance refused to bend the knee to Cleveland that "thrift might follow fawning." In short, he opposed Cleveland's policy with all of his power, and vigorously resented Ransom's treachery. For this evidence of honesty, courage, and manhood the Cleveland Administration and the Ransome machine persecuted and hounded Senator Vance (then a sick man and a great sufferer) to the day of his death. The Ransom henchmen in this State got slices of Federal pie as a price of this treachery. Those who stood by Vance of course could not be appointed to any office or receive any recognition. In that contest the Charlotte Observer stood by the Ransome pie-counter crowd. The Fayetteville Observer supported Vance in his patriotic and manly course. Hence if the latter paper is an "organ of disappointed office-seekers" (Vance's friends (then the Charlotte Observer is the organ of the Ranson-Cleveland pie-counter brigade. It is always sad to see anyone descend to the point where he can boast of his own shame.

IT MEANS $6,000 TO $7,000 A DAY TO THE RAILROADS.

This is how much it means to the railroads each day for the suspended commissioners to defy the law by keeping the new commissioners out of possession of the office. Of course it means at the same time a loss of that amount to the people each day. Now let us see what ground, if any, the suspended Commissioners have for resisting the action of the Legislature as executed by the Governor.

In North Carolina public office is held to be a contract. By the very act under which the present Commissioners took office, they were to be liable to removal by a majority vote of the Legislature and to suspension by the Governor until the Legislature could act. This was a part of their contract, as much so as if written in the face of their Commissions. It certainly does not become them to fly in the face of the express terms of the contract, under which they took office.

Again, independent of any contract, the Legislature in creating an office has the right to provide how and by whom the officer may be suspended or removed. In England where the Judges are appointed by the crown and for life, they are nevertheless removable by a majority vote in Parliament. That is otherwise here, but only as to Judges created by the Constitution itself, which is a restriction upon the Legislature, but as to Judges or other officers not created by the Constitution the Legislature has any rights not forbidden by the Constitution and can, in creating the office, provide for the incumbent's removal by itself and suspension by the Executive until the Legislature can act. The most learned legal writers lay down this principle of law. There are decisions too numerous to cite to the same effect which we have not time to look up.

The suspended Commissioners lose no property rights by the action of the Governor, for unless the legislature removes them as they will, by the statute, be paid in full for the time they are suspended. If wise, they would abide the action of the Legislature for if they resist and put the Governor's appointees to a quo warranto and the courts should hold against them, they are liable to a fine of $2,000 each by the statute. The corporations would be delighted for them to hold on as long as possible, and would be willing to furnish them with lawyers and pay their fines. As the railroads are collecting $2,300,000 out of North Carolina annually in excess of just interest on their property, besides their enormous salaries to higher officials and illegal expenditures, it follows that every day that the suspended Commissioners defy the law and keep the new Commissioners from putting in force just and reasonable rates, is a gain to the railroads of $6,000 to $7,000 per day, and a corresponding daily loss to the people of that sum.

ANOTHER LIE NAILED.

In their desperation to raise race prejudice by appealing to the angry passions of the people, the "negro scare-crow organs" are not a bit overscrupulous in the manner in which they handle the truth. This is, of course, to be expected. They are appealing to the brute in human nature and not to the reason in the human mind. They dare not appeal to reason, for reason will demand arguments and proofs, and then where are they? So they print lies, plain, bold, bare-faced, unvarnished lies. It matters not to them whether the lie has even a semblance to truth; if it suits their purpose "any old lie" will do. They will print it as a solemn truth.

One of these "truths" that has been going the rounds of the Ananias press lately is accredited to the Kinston Free Press, and is to the effect that a negro has been put at the head of the public schools in Lenoir county, and that he is demanding to see the certificates of white lady teachers.

To get at the truth or falsity of this statement we wrote to that county and to a reliable source, stating to our correspondent that we would publish a correct version of it however it might be. We refer to his answer in last week's issue, from which it will be seen that there was no foundation whatever for the story, that it was, in fact, manufactured out of the whole cloth. This is another lie nailed.

A FACT AND A QUESTION AND ANSWER.

The Wilmington Star says that there is no finer fruit in the world than that raised in Western North Carolina which is true, and another asked why none of that fruit is seen in the Wilmington markets in the place of inferior fruit from the north?

The answer is easy. The freight on a barrel of apples from Asheville to Wilmington is more than the freight from New York. And yet the Star, the Messenger and all the Wilmington dailies and all the Asheville daily papers are opposed to a reduction of freight and passenger rates in this State? What is the matter? Do the railroads control them.

R. O. Burton may not be able to do the Jekyll and Hyde act, but he knows how to occupy the dual position of railroad attorney and attorney for the State's Railroad Commission.

THE NEW SCHOOL LAW CURES THESE DEFECTS.

Mr. E. P. Overton, of Creswell, N. C. in a communication to the Progressive Farmer on the school question says:

"If we farmers could get better prices for our produce, the majority of us would undoubtedly be in favor of being taxed higher for the benefit of schools and in order to secure a longer term, provided the money was spent for the benefit of the children and not spent to fee so many unprofitable or useless county school officers. In that way, much money that should be used for the benefit of the children is spent to no purpose."

If every farmer was rich he could afford to send his children off to a college, or to the city graded schools, or to some good academy to be educated. The very fact that farming is so unprofitable makes it necessary for 95 children out of every hundred to grow up in ignorance unless a good public school is run in each neighborhood, so the children can board at home and help on the farm mornings and evenings and Saturday's, and still get a good education.

Our boys and girls must grow up ignorant or we must have better public schools.

The defects which Mr. Overton points out existed under the old school law, but the new law cures all these defects. The new township law will make our schools better and give longer terms without any extra taxation.

After the people see that the school money will not be wasted, but handled wisely under the new township system, then they will be willing to vote the local township tax whenever it shall be found necessary.

If our children are to be educated it is the cheapest way to do it. It is the only way that a majority of the children will ever get an education as long as we stay under the gold standard and the prices of farm products stay low.

We should have a graded school in every township, just as the cities now have. The city graded schools are run by local taxation, the county graded schools (if we ever have them) must also be run by local taxation. It is the cheapest way to have good schools.

JUDGE CLARK'S RESPONSE.

The "Times-Herald" of Chicago selected one justice of the highest court in each state and addressed him a letter, enquiring as to the legality of injunctions in labor disputes, against laborers quitting work or moving about the country, and as to the proper remedy for the abuse. For this State it selected Judge Clark. Below we give his response, which upholds the freedom of the citizen and the right of trial by jury.

EDITOR TIMES-HERALD, Chicago, Ill.,

SIR:—In response to your inquiry, the new practice of issuing injunctions in labor disputes, in its scope, is without warrant in reason or precedent. It is a bald usurpation by judges who have been appointed to life positions by the influence of great corporations and who are under no responsibility for their conduct. It is a denial to the citizen of the right of trial by jury, by judges who enact the law by their own decrees and then execute it by the penalty for contempt.

The remedy is by a constitutional amendment which shall make the United States Judges elective by the people in their respective districts and circuits for a term of years. That public sentiment endorses this corrective power of placing the judiciary under the supervision of public opinion is shown by the fact that in every State, except three, the judges now hold for a fixed term, and in those three they are removable by a vote of a bare majority of the legislature. As to the U. S. Judges, they are selected without the public having any voice in their selection and ordinarily by influences that are hostile to popular rights; they are subject to no restraint, as impeachment is impracticable, and they assume to set aside the acts of Congress and to stay the action of the Executive—at their will. That, possessed of this arbitrary and supreme power (which should be entrusted to no set of men) and by reason of their life tenure (which is unrepublican) subject to no supervision, there are notwithstanding many worthy men still among the Federal Judges is a tribute to the spirit and training of our institutions. The history of the last few years demonstrates that we can trust no longer to this. Arbitrary and supreme power will debauch its possessors. It has always done so. Judges are no exception to this principle of human nature.

WALTER CLAK,
Justice Supreme Court of N. C.

HON. WALTER E. FAISON.

In the last issue we published an account of the death of Hon. Walter E. Faison, the late Solicitor of the State Department at Washington. While only 42 years of age he was one of the finest international lawyers in the country, and besides, he was one of the finest types of manhood this writer has known. He is probably the only man in the history of our Government that has been promoted so frequently on merit without havidg any political influence whatever behind him. But this has been achieved at the cost of his life, for death is the result of overwork.

During the last few years, while foreign questions with which the State Department has had to deal, have been numerous and of unusual importance and magnitude, it has been Solicitor Faision who has had to examine every old treaty, or proposed new treaty with foreign governments, and to prepare opinions on intricate and knotty questions of international law. It was a fine opportunity for the Solicitor to make a great reputation. He did, but the strain was too great.

Ex-Secretary of the State Olney had the highest opinion of his legal abilities and urged President Cleveland to appoint him Federal Judge for the Eastern District of North Carolina to succeed the late Judge Seymour. If he had, Mr. Faison would have been promptly confirmed by the Senate. But instead he appointed Mr. Clark of Newberne who was a Palmer elector and who the President knew could not be confirmed.

The railroad organs in the Democratic party have for months ridiculed Attorney General Walser saying that he knew no law. But when he was reported to say the Governor should not not remove the two Railroad Commissioners, then they all quoted his legal opinion with great prominence.

SENATOR JONES' MISTAKE.

Senator Jones, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee, wrote a letter to the machine Democrats in New York which countenanced them in ignoring the Chicago platform in their State and local fight in order to get gold and silver Democrats together. The Atlanta Journal, a gold Democratic paper, (edited by Hoke Smith) is greatly delighted with Senator Jones's letter, and commenting on it, says:

"It is an extremely cheerful and hopeful sign that the National Democratic chairman thinks more of the party's success than he does of the adherence at this time to the one issue which has done so much to divide the Democratic party."

Senator Jones has made a mistake, and the more praise he gets from papers like the Atlanta Journel the more he will realize the mistake. Of course the Atlanta Journal wants the silver and monopoly questions put in the background. It is each day howling tariff and "nigger."

RANSOM AND THE "NIGGER."

We see it stated that Ex-Senator Ransom is in favor of making the "nigger" the leading issue in the next campaign. Of course he is. He needs the nigger to hide beind to call attention from his own shady record. How could he make a speech on the silver question, when he betrayed his people and voted to repeal the last silver law on the statute books? How could he enter a campaign to fight the robber national banking system, when he voted for the infamous measure in the Senate? How could he enter a campaign when the people were fighting the oppressors of railroad monopolies and asking for lower rates and fares, when he has been Andrews' right-hand man and stand-by in the State and in Congress for a quarter of a century?

Of course Ransom and a great many railroad politicians are anxious to keep these questions out of the campaign. They must be kept out or those politicians will have to stay out.

THE GOLD RING CAPURING OUR RAILROADS.

A few weeks ago J. Pierpont Morgan, the American financial agent of the Rothchilds, gobled up the Lehigh Valley railroad for his Shylock employers in London. Last week he captured the Georgia railroad. We see that he is now figuring to wreck and capture the B. & O. system. This will make ten of the largest railroad systems in the United States, comprising every foot of railway line running into New York from the South and West and out to Chicago, except the Pennsylvania, and it is reported that he has his greedy clutches already turned to that system. We are fast approaching the time when our people must make up their minds to take charge of and operate their own railway systems, or allow the whole thing to be operated by the London gold syndicate. Which shall it be? In such a contest the tories will be one side; the American patriots on the other.

FORCING MEASURES TO THE FRONT.

Just as long as voters do their kicking between elections and on election day vote the same old ticket, just that long will things go from bad to worse.—Rosenburg X Rays.

We heartily endorse the above for it locates the disease very accurately. It is as the X Rays says, and will continue just the same old way so long as the people let lawyers and politicians do their thinking for them. This has been the trouble for lo! these many years. The voter, the man most directly interested in an honest government has not the manhood to oppose these vampires. But we are proud to say that the Populist, little by little, are forcing to the front those measures so essential to existence as a nation, as a people, and we do not think the time so very far away when the good honest kick of the Populist party against oppression in every form will have its effect for the good of our people.

GIVE THEIR NAMES.

"The Wilmington Messenger says: Every few days we see in State exchanges reports of "change of heart" of reputable populists, who have become disgusted and have cut loose from the Butler gang."

It will be noticed that these papers are careful never to give the names nor the Post Office of those Populists who they claim have joined the Democratic party."

Judge Robinson in his charge to the Grand Jury at Raleigh last week, charged that free passes were unlawful under the Railroad Commission law, and that any railroad violating this law should be indicted. We congratulate Judge Robinson. He is the first Judge who has done this. THE CAUCASIAN called attention to this matter in its last issue and asked why the Superior court Judges did not charge the Grand Juries.

The officers of the Bell Telephone monopoly say they cannot live and do business at a lower rate. When asked before the commissioners if they would leave the State if rates were reduced they admitted that they would not. An officer of the Durham interstate telephone testifies that they are making 18 per cent profit, yet they charge less than the Bell monopoly. Let telephone rates be reduced and without delay.

That political party which offers the people the best solution of our present difficulties is the one which should receive the support of thoughtful men. Which is the one is the natural question that arises. From observation and careful consideration we can arrive at only one conclusion, which is, that the platform of the Peoples party is the only solution. If you can find one single thing in either of the old party platforms advocating anything good, that was not stolen from the Populists, then we eat the crow.

Col. Andrews has found "buncoing" the State such a "soft thing" that he has decided to take a turn at the "Hayseed" business.

NOW FOR 20,000 SUBSCRIBERS.

Let every reader of THE CAUCASIAN send in at least one new subscriber under our special offer, and so help to circulate THE CAUCASIAN. Every voter should read the facts which THE CAUCASIAN is publishing every week. For $1.00 we will send it every week until December 1, 1898

The Democratic railroad organs have all published and critised what purported to be an interview with Governor Russell in the Washington Post. Every one of the leading Democratic dailies could have had Governor Russell interviewed and ascertained whether or not the interview was correct before they published it, but they did not. Why not? Now Governor Russell has come out in a statement denouncing the bogus interview as false. Will all these Democratic papers now make the correction? We will wait and see.

Now that the Populists have made a square fight in opposition to a government by injunction, and a great majority of the people are flocking to their standard the Democrats oppose it. Where was the manhood of your Democratic statesmen that they did not oppose it, when virtually the same thing happened under Cleveland's administration? May God have mercy on your deceitful souls; you will need it.

See on the front page a letter from Senator Butler to the Sampson Democrat. That paper refused to publish the letter, though it had called on the Senator for a reply. It contains more facts than a railroad organ wants to publish.

The Wilmington Messenger has not yet explained why it refused to publish Judge Avery's card. It is better reading than editorials clipped from that negro paper at Faisons.

We are at liberty to state for Dr. Kingsbury that he will oppose any movement looking toward colonizing the negro in Africa or anywhere else outside of this State, at present. He needs them in his business.

Editor Daniel's defence of the Almighty against Mark Hanna's presumptuous familiarity is the leading feature of a new farce comedy entitled "The Devil quoting Scripture."

If the Republican party and the gold standard are responsible for the high price of wheat, who is responsible for the low price of cotton?

It was really too impolite to hurt Mr. Page's feelings by questioning the infallibility of the Federal Court Judges.

"For several months, I was troubled with a persistent humor on my head which gave me considerable annoyance, until it occured to me to try Ayer's Hair Vigor. Before using one bottle, the humor was healed."—T. T. Adams, General Merchant, Turbeville, Va.

NOT ALWAYS UNDERSTOOD

A fact often overlooked, or not always understood, is that women suffer as much from distressing kidney and bladder troubles as the men. The womb is situated back of and very close to the bladder, and for that reason any distress, disease or inconvenience manifested in the kidneys, back, bladder, or urinary passage is often, by mistake, attributed to female weakness or womb trouble of some sort.

The error is easily made and may be as easily avoided by setting urine aside for twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling is evidence that your kidneys and bladder need doctoring. If you have a pain or dull aching in the back, pass water too frequently, or scanty supply, with smarting or burning—these are also convincing proofs of kidney trouble. If you have doctored without benefit, try Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy. The mild and extraordinary effect will surprise you. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures. If you take a medicine you should take the best. At druggist fifty cents and one dollar. You may have a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail. Mention THE CAUCASIAN and send your address to Dr. Kilmer's & Co, Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietors of this paper guarantee the genuineness of this offer.

Merit

Made and Merit Maintains that more than one-half of the people in Hood's Sarsaparilla. No other medicine cures you when all else fails. Hood's wonderful cures every where, then learn the truth on all question that medicine possesses.

Made

That is just the truth about Hood's Sarsaparilla. We know it possesses merit because it cures, not once or twice or a hundred times, but in thousands and thousands of cases. We know it cures absolutely, permanently, when all else fails to do any good whatever. We repeat

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills cure nausea, indigestion, biliousness. 25 cents.

CONVICTS ON PUBLIC ROADS.

THE CAUCASIAN published an editorial advising the use of the State convicts on the public roads. We are glad to see that Cabarrus county has taken action on this line. Mr. H. H. Caldwell, who is county attorney for that county (and who by the way is also chairman of the Peoples Party county Executive Committee) has applied to the Penitentiary for 50 convicts for the public roads of his county. Let other counties do this and it will not only solve the Penitentiary problem, but will also result in a permanent and lasting good to the farmers and all classes of citizens for this and future generations.

WITH OUR COMPLIMENTS.

If you are not a regular subscriber, then this copy of THE CAUCASIAN goes to you this week with our compliments. If you like this issue, then we will be glad to visit you regularly each week. But before you decide, let us make one request, that you read every line in this paper. After you have done this, if you like it, then we want you for a subscriber, if not, no harm is done. Address,

THE CAUCASIAN
Raleigh, N. C.

Vitality In Men Restored.

Failing Sexual strength in old or young men can be quickly and permanently cured by me to a healthy, vigorous state. Sufferers from

Varicocele, NERVOUS DEBILITY, Night Losses,

. . . AND OTHER WASTING DISEASES should write to me for advice. I have been a close student for many years of the subject of weakness in men; the fact is, I was a sufferer myself. Too bashful to seek the aid of older men or reputable physicians. I investigated the subject deeply and discovered a simple, but most remarkably successful remedy that completely cured me, and fully developed me from a sunken, stunted condition to natural strength and size.

I want every young or old man to know about it. I take a personal interest in such cases and no one need hesitate to write me as all communications are held strictly confidential. I send full information of this remedy absolutely free of cost. Do not put it off, but write me fully at once; you will always bless the day you did so. Address, enclosing stamp,

THOMAS SLATER, Box 975,
Kalamazoo, Mich.
Shipper of Famous Kalamazoo Celery.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

Do You Want A PIANO That Will Please?

The EVERETT PIANO.

Has a reputation second to none, and while it is necessary for the dealer to charge more for it than you are asked to pay for many other makes, you get an instrument the extra value of which fully justifies the additional outlay.

If not for sale by local dealers, address,

THE JOHN CHURCH CO.,

CINCINNATI NEW YORK CHICAGO

THE CAUCASIAN.

Raleigh, N. C., October 7, 1897.

SENATOR BUTLER AT JACKSON.

A Great Speech to one of the Largest Crowds we Have Seen in the County.—Mr. B. S. Gay Makes a Speech Introducing the Senator.

For THE CAUCASIAN.

JACKSON, N. C., Oct. 4, 1897.

Senator Butler delivered one of the most powerful and effective speeches here to-day ever heard in the county. He had one of the largest crowds that ever assembled in the county to hear a speech. The court-house was packed to its utmost, and there were several hundred outside who could not get in.

He was introduced in a happy and graceful speech by Mr. B. S. Gay, a leading lawyer of the Jackson bar and a strong Bryan man. Will send a fuller report for next issue.

J. J. STEPHENSON.

The County Commissioners met Monday. Only routine business was transacted.

The confidence of the people in Hood's Sarsaparilla is due to its unequalled record of wonderful cures.

The Railway Commission will not file its decision in the telephone matter until the 15th, the date of the next meeting.

The report of city Sanitary Inspector Sale for September shows deaths registered at the Health Department as follows: Whole number of deaths, 21—whites 13, colored 8. Of these one was under one year of age and 3 over seventy.

Governor Russell is invited to open the Winston Tobacco Association Fair November 3d, to participate in a parade and be the guest of the Association. He is also invited to open the Colored State Fair at Raleigh, November 2d.

Fire, last Wednesday, in West Raleigh burned the store of A. D. Taylor, with his stock of merchandise, valued at $3,000. The building was owned by R. C. Castleberry. Agricultural and Mechanical College saved adjoining buildings.

A telephone company, of which Mr. Will Wynne is president, is rapidly carrying forward the work of completing the system between this city and Goldsboro, and the branch lines to Smithfield and to Dunn are now completed and in operation.

At the Governor's Mansion last Friday night, a lawn party was given under the auspices of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. Those who were present reported a delightful evening. The lawn was brilliantly illuminated with Japanese lanterns. Music and refreshments were also among the features.

Superintendent John R. Smith today paid into the State Treasury $9,074 as Penitentiary earnings. He says that "next Monday I will, for one time, entirely clean out the penitentiary." This means he will send all the convicts away to the penitentiary farms to pick cotton, save those who cannot leave the hospital.

An accident occurred in the Asylum grounds last Friday which came near being attended with serious results. Mr. Will Eatman was driving a two-seated trap, and in trying to pass Mr. Blake's ambulance, which was also returning from the Asylum, the vehicle ran off the road, which is quite narrow, into a ditch and turned completely over. Mrs. Eatman, Misses Maud and Lal Denton and Miss McKane were seated in the trap in addition to Mr. Eatman. The ladies were badly frightened and sustained painful injuries. A physician was called to attend Mrs. Eatman. The horse was not hurt. Mr. Eatman did not see the ditch.

Judge Purnell, of the United States District Court, signed the following order, which Clerk Fortune is directed to send to all United States commissioners: "It appearing from the records and otherwise, that most of the executions on judgments against defaulting defendants and sureties on their bonds are returned, 'Nothing to be found,' it is orderd by this court that commissioners of this court take no sureties on appearance bonds except such as can and do justify. All bonds must be justified in writing. It is further ordered that in all criminal cases the defendant's shall be bound to the District, and not the Circuit Courts, except where the punishment is mentioned in section 5412, Revised Statutes, entitled 'Crimes.'"

YELLOW JACK PREVENTATIVE.

Guard against Yellow Jack by keeping the system thoroughly clean and free from germ breeding matter. Cascarets Candy Cathartic will cleanse the system and kill all contagious disease germi.

Alamance County Fair, Oct. 12 15, 1897.

For the obove occasion the Southern Railway will sell tickets from Charlotte, Greensboro, Wilkesboro, and all points east thereof, to Burlington, N.C., and return at one first-class fare for the round trip. Tickets on sale October 11 to 15, inclusive. Time limit, October 16, 1897. Continuous passage in each direction.

For exact rates and schedules, apply to railway agents.

J. M. CULP, T. M.
W. A. TURK, G. P. A.
Washington, D. C.

TIRED, NERVOUS, SLEEPLESS

Men and women—how gratefully they write about Hood's Sarsaparilla. Once helpless and discouraged, having lost all faith in medicine, now in good health and "able to do my own work," because Hood's Sarsaparilla has power to enrich and purify the blood and make the weak strong—this is the experience of a host of people.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best family cathartic and liver medicine. Gentle, reliable, sure.

SOME STATE FAIR NOTES.

A Great Time Expected—A Big Exhibit and Thousands of Visitors.

The Secretary's office is crowded all day with exhibitors applying for space and over two hundred entries were made in one day. Every department is filling up rapidly, and is already found necessary to economize space as much as possible so as to make room for all.

The piano display will be unusually fine. The Charles M. Steiff Company will perhaps be the largest exhibitor of pianos and Mr. Huffines, the agent, is now here arranging for the display.

From every section of the State come reports that large numbers of people are coming to the Fair, and this will be a great re-union of North Carolina people. The brilliant holiday attire which the whole city will put on in the way of beautiful decorations as a welcome to the thousands of visitors will be a most notable feature of the occasion and make it truly a gala week.

There will be a largeer number of marshals than ever before under the command of Colonel P. H. Lybrook, the Chief, and many of the marshals will bring their own handsome horses and trippings expressly for the occasion.

The hotels and boarding houses are making every preparation to entertain the large crowd, and the accommodation will be larger and better than ever before.

Our I's and....
....Other Eyes.

Our I's are just as strong as they were fifty years ago, when we have cause to use them. But we have less and less cause to praise ourselves, since others do the praising, and we are more than willing for you to see us through other eyes. This is how we look to S. F. Boyce, wholesale and retail druggist, Duluth, Minn, who after a quarter of a century of observation writes:

"I have sold Ayer's Sarsaparilla for more than 25 years, both at wholesale and retail, and have never heard anything but words of praise from my customers; not a single complaint has ever reached me. I believe Ayer's Sarsaparilla to be the best blood purifier, that has been introduced to the general public." This, from a man who has sold thousands of dozens of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, is strong testimony. But it only echoes popular sentiment the world over, which has, **"Nothing but words of praise for Ayer's Sarsaparilla."**

Any doubt about it? Send for "Curebook" It kills doubts and cures doubters. Address J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

SALARIES PARTLY PAID.

The Two Wilsons File Statement in the Auditor's Office.

Auditor Ayer has received communications from Railway Commissioners, J.W.Wilson and Otho Wilson, demanding vouchers on the Treasury for salary for the past month, but has declined to honor them.

The auditor did issue warrants to the Wilsons to the amount of $133.33 each, the amount of salary from September 1st to 24th, the date the governor filed his order of removal. He declined to issue warrants for salary for the entire month, which would have amounted to $166.66 in each instance.

The Auditor says he will take no further action until the Messrs. Wilson file bonds indemnifying Messrs. Caldwell and Pearson. He declined to say whether he would continue their salaries in that event.

Maj. J. W. and Mr. Otho Wilson filed the following statement with the Auditor in accepting the voucher for part payment of salary:

"In filing the above account for twenty-four days I desire it distinctly understood that I do not waive my right to the pay due me since the 24th of September. I file the account up to that time to avoid controversy and collect the amount about which there is dispute."

CROWDED FOR SPACE.

Vanderbilt to Double His Exhibit at the Fair—Railroad Track Replaced.

The fair is hardly two weeks distant. The side track running from the fair grounds to the Seaboard's main track, which was removed last winter, will be replaced. The iron for the track was ordered to-day and will be replaced at once.

It is not a question now of how large the exhibit at the fair will be, but the question is where will they all be put. Secretary Nichols is now arranging to have additional exhibiting space made.

Mr. George W. Vanderbilt's manager wrote the Secretary to-day asking for increased space in which to make the Biltmore exhibit. The Vanderbilt exhibit will be twice as large as it was last year.

Secretary Nichols has returned from Statesville where he perfected all arrangements with the band to make the music at the grounds. It was also arranged to give a concert every afternoon at 5 o'clock at the capitol square. The band will be the guest of the Governors' Guards while here, occupying sleeping apartments at the armory. The members will eat at the Yarboro.

WAKE COUNTY SCHOOLS.

Supervisor Norris Organizing His Forces For the Winter.

A notice has been sent out by County Supervisor H. W. Norris to the school committeemen and teachers of Wake county, requesting some of the committee of each township to call at his office on the 9th or 16th of this month and get books for financial record and minutes for meetings; also blanks for school census, and such others as may be needed.

The schools will be generally opened some time in November. Mr. Norris therefore suggests that a meeting of the committee be appointed and held as early as practicable to select teachers for the several schools from among those having filed their applications. The applications, he says, should be made in their own hand-writing, stating the salary required. The committee is also requested to take into consideration the time for beginning each school, the taking the census some time during the month, and arranging the houses in as comfortable condition as possible for the approaching term.

"I wish to accumulate all the experience, force and efficiency possible for our schools during the winter," Mr. Norris writes. "With this in view, all the teachers, male and female, of public schools of the county are requested to meet me in Raleigh—the white teachers on Thursday, October 21st, and the colored teachers on Friday, October 22nd. Bring your best experience in this high calling of teaching with you, and let us try to make it a profitable meeting to all present."

If The Baby is Cutting Teeth,

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhœ. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Oct. 4.—John J. Shipherd, who has for several years been prominent as an investment brocker and street railway promoter, was arrested this morning on the charge of embezzlement of $1,000'000. He was released on $10,000.

BEWARE OF OINTMENTS FOR CATARRH THAT CONTAIN MERCURY.

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by druggists. Price, 75c. per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

COTTON AND WOOLEN MILLS.

The Experiment Station Bulletin Gives 224 in The State.

The September Bulletin of North Carolina Agricultural Experiment Station was issued yesterday. It is double the usual size, and in addition to the other usual matter, contains a list of all the mills and factories in the State.

It gives 224 cotton and woolen mills, as follows: Gaston, 22; Randolph, 19; Alamance, 19; Mecklenburg, 15; Richmond, 12; Guilford, 11; Cleveland, 8; Cumberland, 8; Durham, 8; Lincoln, 8; Surry, 8; Catawba, 7; Rowan, 7; Cabarrus, 6; Rockingham. 6; Montgomery, 4; Rutherford 4; Forsyth. 3; Halifax, 3; Iredell, 3; Wake, 3; Alexander, 2; Anson, 2; Buncombe 2; Burke, 2; Caldwell, 2; Chatham, 2; Davidson 2; Edgecombe, 2; Franklin, 2; Henderson, 2; Moore, 2; Stanley, 2; Union, 2; Ashe, 1; Craven, 1; Haywood, 1; Lenoir, 1; Nash, 1; New Hanover, 1; Orange, 1; Polk 1; Robeson, 1; Vance 1; Wayne, Wilson, 1.

The Bulletin says: "The total number of cotton spindles is 1,059,979. From the best information we can get, they can spin daily into No. 20 yarn 529,989 pounds, or one-half pound of raw cotton for each spindle, or altogether 1,111 42 474 bales of 477 pounds each; or during the year of 300 days, 333,326 bales, lacking 2,935 bales of being as much as was produced in North Carolina in 1889, that year producing 336,261 bales. The day is not far distant when North Carolina will be able to spin and weave every pound of cotton it raises.

The Bulletin also gives a list of miscellaneous mills and factories in the State. There are 1,028 establishments in the list.

In addition to that, the registered and blooded stock—horses, cattle, sheep, and swine—are given, with name and address of owner.

This is a very valuable edition.

To Defend the People.

Governor Russell has employed two more attorneys to the four to appear for the State at the hearing next week in the case in which the Western Union Telegraph Company tries to prevent the enforcement of the Railway Commission's order making 15 cents the rate for ten-word day messages. The new attorneys are Colonel John W. Hinsdale and Mr. W. C. Douglass. The counsel for the State now consists of Attorney General Walser, Charles A. Cooke, of Warren; Edwards & Royster, of Oxford, and John W. Hinsdale and W. C. Douglass of Raleigh.

The City to Use the Rock Quarry.

The committee on public buildings and grounds has agreed to allow the city to use the rock quarry south of the city.

They would not consent to a lease of the property for any term of years. Mayor Russ saw Governor Russell Saturday with a view of making the lease, but the Executive would not agree to it.

The State'r officer's are willing to allow the city the use of the quarry. The city will be allowed the use of the quarry throughout the present administration.

The city authorities are satisfied with the offer made by the State's officers and the quarry will soon be equipped with machinery.

STATE NEWS

The Woman's Exposition, held in Charlotte last May has netted $1,782 22 after paying all expenses.

The people of Wilkesboro are agitating the construction of an electric railway from Wilkesboro to Taylorsville, a distance of 20 miles.

The discovery of a rich vein of gold-bearing quartz has just been made in Britain Cove on Flat Creek, ten miles north of Asheville. The estimate is made that the rock will yield about $300 to the ton.

Word was received here last Wednesday of the death at Washington, N. C., of Rev. J. L. Winfield, editor of the Watch Tower, the church paper of the Disciples in North Carolina.—Newbern Journal.

The Davidson Dispatch says that the gold mining property belonging to W. P. Kinney and J. G. Surratt, of Jackson Hill township, was sold one day last week by Capt. H. F. McCarty to a company of Boston capitalists for something near $20,000.

Some weeks ago there was a serious wreck on the North Carolina Lumber Company's Railroad at Tillery. Several cars were smashed, and Engineer W. A. Barber had his arm badly crushed, barely escaping with his life. He received other injuries from which he thinks he is permanently injured. He has entered suit against the company for $20,000.

The Fayetteville Observer reports that Deputy United States Marshal Atkinson arrested Aaron Simmons and Joe Holland in Roseboro last week on the charge of being implicated in the attempted postoffice robbery there Saturday night. These two young men, both white, were taken before U. S. Commissioner E. P. Powers and sent to jail in default of a $200 bond each.

The county commissioners of Chatham held that they had the right to refuse liquor license to any one. Mandamus proceedings were instituted to require them to issue licenses. Judge Adams issued a mandamus ordering them to pass on each particular case and find the facts in each, and if the facts agree with the statute, then license must be issued. This gives the commissioners discretion only so far as finding facts.

A correspondent writing to the Charlotte Observer states that Mr. Henry Fries, of Salem, is now building an electric plant on the Yadkin river that will furnish power for the mills of Winston. It is the only plant in the State of the kind, and is creating much talk among the industrial men. The plant is thirteen and a half miles from town, and when completed will furnish motive power for the two cotton mills, the woolen mills, a grain mill, a planing mill, the city electric light, street cars and lights, and the water-works. Contracts for the above power have been closed. The cost in full will amount to over $100,000. The power will be between 2,000 and 2,500 horse power.

New Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 2.—The following fourth-class postmasters were appointed in North Carolina:

Elk Park, Henry T. Norman; Loretta, John F. Davis; Olney, Mrs. V. J. Taylor; Rodanthe, F. P. Midgett; South Mills, Wilson Sawyer; Stanley, Mrs. Ella J. Newell; Thermal City, L. D. Allen; Buxton, J. J. Davis.

A Fire in Oxford.

OXFORD, Oct. 2.—Fire was discovered last night about 2 o'clock in the kitchen on Mr. Roy Ferguson's premises. Owing to the scarcity of water it was impossible to save the dwelling. From this the residence of Mr. W. H. Adams caught, and in half an hour burned down. The furniture was all saved. His insurance was $1,500. Only a part of the furniture of Mr. Ferguson was saved. His insurance was $500.

Homicide of a Negro in Asheville.

ASHEVILLE, Oct. 2.—Last night, in Maiden Lane, Eugene Davis shot and almost instantly killed James Moore. Both were negroes. Jealousy is said to have been the case, and Davis is said to have shot without any words having passed. Davis escaped.

No-To Bac for Fifty Cents.

Guaranteed tobacco habit cure, makes weak men strong, blood pure. 50c. $1 All druggists

SENATOR BUTLER'S APPOINTMENTS.

He Will Speak at The Following Places on The Issues of The Day—Let The People Turn Out to Hear Him.

AT ROCKY MOUNT, N. C.

Senator Marion Butler will speak at Rocky Mount, Friday, October 15th, and Aulander 16th.

Special reduced rates will be given on the Coast Line and branches for this occasion. Let there be a grand rally of people to greet our distinguished Senator, who will discuss the political issues of the day.

W. E. FOUNTAIN,
State Chairman P. P. Ex. Com.

BURLINGTON FAIR.

It is announced that Senator Marion Butler has accepted an invitation to deliver the address at the Alamance County Fair on Thursday, October 14th.

MECKLENBURG'S PRIDE.

The New Court-House to be Formally Opened Monday—Ladies Invited.

Charlotte Observer.]

The new court-house of Mecklenburg county will be formally opened Monday, when the first court—the October term of Superior Court—will be held in its walls.

Judge W. A. Hoke will preside.

The County Commissioners and court house committee, as well as the general public, thought it but appropriate that the opening of the handsome new new structure—Mecklenburg's pride—should be marked with special exercises.

As known to Observer readers, a committee was appointed, consisting of Messrs. W. C. Maxwell, C. H. Duls, J. A. Bell and P. D. Walker, to arrange a suitable programme for the occasion. They report the following:

Assemble at the court-house at 10.

Building formally turned over to and accepted by the Board of County Commissioners.

Proclamation of the sheriff, and convening of court in the Criminal Court room.

Address by Maj. C. Dowd.
Address by Judge A. Burwell.
Address by Col. H. C. Jones.
Address by Judge W. A. Hoke.
Dedicatory prayer by Rev. T. J. Allison, of Sugar Creek.

The committee requests the Observer to say that the ladies of the city are especially invited to be present. They will be given the choice seats and will be accorded all courtesy and distinction.

GENERAL NEWS.

The sixteen million dollars in the New Orleans mint are tied up for the present by the yellow fever quarantine.

The Negro Protective Party, by petition yesterday, was placed on the Ohio ballot sheet. This makes five State tickets with the gold Democrats to come.

Fire at Willow Springs, sixteen miles from Chicago, on the drainage canal, destroyed nearly half the town amd made fifty families homeless last Friday.

The farm house of A. L. Gordon, at Alma, Neb., burned Tuesday night, consuming three children. The children were left alone in the house by the father.

The directors of the American Tobacco Company have declared a regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent, on the common and 2 per cent, on the preferred stock.

Large lumber yards and and saw mills at Ironton, Ohio, were destroyed by fire Thursday last, together with a number of residences. The loss is estimated at over $300,000.

The acting consul general at Havana has cabled the State Department that Pedro Manuel Hernandez Montes, an American citizen who was arrested at Quines, has been released by the Spanish authorities.

A number of residents and property owners made application in Chancery Court, at Chattanooga, Tenn., last week for a receiver for the town of Lookout Mountain. No election for town officers has been held in eight years.

A rich gold strike has been made in Potosi Mountains in the Sneffels district of Colorado by O. J. Davis and Thomas Downer. The vein is wide and continuous, and runs thousands of dollars to the ton.

The Hotel LaFayette, a great summer resort at Minnetonka, Minn., was totally destroyed by fire yesterday. It was 750 feet long, 9 feet wide, 90 feet high, had 5 acres of flooring and 300 bed rooms.

The steamer Victoria brings news through the Chicago Record, of the most disasterous floods that have visited China for many years. Sixty villages, near Tung Chou, containing over 80,000 inhabitants, have been destroyed by floods, and the people drowned or forced to flee.

WINONA, Ill., Oct. 4.—Fire, supposed to have been started by tramps, destroyed the stock barn of Burgess Brothers, last night. Thirty horses, many of which had taken premiums at State fairs, at Springfield, were destroyed. The loss is $50,000, with insurance on the barn alone.

A suit brought two years ago by Henry C. Smith against the Lake Shore Railway Company, involving the validity of an act passed by the Michigan legislature of 1891, compelling railroads to issue a 1,000 mile ticket, good for any member of a family for $20, has just been sustained by the State Supreme court.

News of a ghasty discovery in the Massanutan Mountains, Shenaudoah Valley, has just been received. Several hunter found the body of Pob Falls, a notorious white woman, dangling at the end of a rope fastened to a tree. When discovered the body was in the first stage of decomposition. It is supposed that the woman was hanged by negroes, who had been her companions lately. She was a married woman, but for years her reputation had been unsavory, and finally she was driven to the mountains where she slept in the fields and in the woods.

Twenty Families Homeless.

IRONTON, Ohio, Sept. 29.—This city was threatened with destruction tonight by fire. About twenty families were rendered homeless. Two business blocks on Second and Third Sts., and the St. Joseph's Church, parochial schools, and parsonage, Columbia Hall, and the Belfont Iron Works were burned.

The Armor Boards Southern Trip Will Be Oct. 15th.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 29.—The armor board, headed by Commodore Howell, paid a formal visit to the Secretary Long to-day, for the first time since its organization, and discussed the work already accomplished. It is probable that the departure of the board on its Southern trip will be advanced to the 15th of October, and that Birmingham, Ala., wil be the first place visited.

Editor Mobbed by Students.

WACO, TEX., Oct. 2.—W. C. Brann, editor of Crann's Iconoclast, was the victim of a mob of 200 students of Taylor University, a Baptist institution, this evening. Mr. Brann was sitting in his publishing house when four men took him by force to the college campus and threatened to hang him. Under threats of death, he was compelled to sign a retraction of an article he had written reflecting on Taylor University.

LATEST YELLOW FEVER REPORT.

Seven New Cases at Mobile and One Death —McHenry Deserted—The Situation at Edwards, Miss.

MOBILE, Ala., Oct. 4.—Seven new cases and one death reported. C. F. Moore, 234 Sprinkhill avenue, died. Total cases, 93. Deaths, 14; discharged, 51. Remaining under treatment, 28. Thirty-two persons went from here to the detention camp at Mount Vernon, this morning. Twenty more will go there to-morrow.

MCHENRY, Miss., Oct. 4.—Three new cases here to-day. The town presents a deserted appearance. Last night an unsuccessful attempt was made by an unknown party, to assassinate W. C. Vise, who is under arrest for violating quarantine regulations.

JACKSON, Miss., Oct 4.—There are 18 new cases at Edwards to-day The deaths were two.

HUNTED HIS FATHER'S SLAYER.

Long Search of a Murdered Man's Posthumous Son Rewarded.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Oct. 3.—A man who for years has been known in Rockhill as John W. Cheatham has been arrested in that town for the murder of John J. Ray, in Wilkesboro, N. C., in 1873. Aided by a detective, a posthumous son of the murdered man has been for years upon the track of his father's slayer. He came to Rockhill and swore out the warrant against Cheatham, whose real name is Aaron Miller, and who was a boy of fifteen when the crime was committed.

One day in March, 1873, Cheatham and another boy became involved in a row in front of the residence of J. J. Ray, one of the most substantial citizens of the town. Ray came out and interfered, scolding Cheatham, who was standing behind his horse. The boy, reaching around his horse, shot Ray dead, and then mounting fled. The man who had him arrested was born three months later.

Sanford had been working in Rockhill. A detective named Cheatham had come there after many years wanderings, and in some way Sanford had traced him. When satisfied of the man's identity, he communicated with young John Ray, who arrived in Rockhill yesterday, and swearing out a warrant for his father's murder, had the arrest made.

Cheatham took the matter very coolly, but declined to talk. He went back to the scene of his youthful crime without requisition papers.

A Revolt in Tammany.

NEW YORK, Oct. 2.—Henry George is attracting more attention from the politicans than any other factor in the municipal campaign. It was learned to-day that a movement is on foot among the rank and file of Tammany Hall to overthrow the regular nomination, and in a monster mass-meeting nominate Henry George on the Chicago platform, with such additional planks as the local situation may call for. The movement has developed to the extent of meeting of its promoters informally, and they will formally organize. A platform has been prepared and at tomorrow's meeting will be formally adopted.

Bryan to Speak in Kentucky.

LEXINGTON, Oct. 3.—Maj. P. P. Johnston, chairman of the State Democratic Committee, received a telegram last night from W. J. Bryan saying he will accept Chairman Johnston's invitation to make speeches in Kentucky. He will be at the Nashville Exposition on October 8, Nebraska Day. On the 9th, in the afternoon, he will speak at Glasgow, Ky. The next day being Sunday he will spend it with his cousin, John Bryan, at Glasgow. On October 11, 12, and 13 he will speak at points in the First, Second, Third and Fourth Districts.

Negotiating for the Seaboard Air Line.

NORFOLK, Va., Sept. 29.—It is said that a syndicate of New York capitalists, represented by Thomas F. Ryan, J. M. Colston and Henry Crawford are trying to purchase the Seaboard Air Line. There have been several conferences between them and certain large stockholders in the big southbound system, but just what this portends it is not easy to say. But that the syndicate is using every means in its power to obtain control of the property there is no doubt. The three gentlemen mentioned seem to be very confident of success, but on the other hand, the Seaboard officials, while very reticent, seem to have absolutely no fear of the syndicate.

Gen. Neal Dow Dead.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 2.—General Neal Dow, the veteran prohibitionist, died at his residence in this city this afternoon. General Dow's death was due to the infirmities of old age. His vigorous body was worn out, and his strength had been gradually failing for a year or more, but until recently he has been able to take his accustomed drives.

Murder Near Goldsboro.

Last Saturday night about five miles from Goldsboro the body of Alonzo Carr was found in the bed-room of his store with his head almost severed from his body. Sam Wright, col., who was a comparative stranger in the neighborhood, claiming to have come from Georgia, was the last man seen in Carr's store. Wright was arrested about noon on Sunday.

CHRONIC MALARIA.

I thank you a thousand times for your trouble. I now feel all right, and, so far, am entirely well. All who know me are wondering about me. We will not let Pe-ru-na out of our reach. I am ready every hour to recommend your medicine to all who ask about it. Had my brother known about Pe-ru-na he would not be dead, for he died with the same sickness I had. I thank you a thousand times, and inclose my photograph. One physician said that I had weak nerves and indigestion; another said my head and stomach were affected; another said my stomach and kidneys were affected; another said my liver did not work; another said I had la grippe, and still another said I had Bright's disease. He said I could be cured, but that it would take a long time. But I continued to get worse. I was not able to walk up the steps; could not sleep; in the morning when I got up I was obliged to sit down for an hour before I could do any work. I would often remark to my husband that I wished I was dead, because then I would have rest. I had cold hands and feet, could not sleep, had a sour stomach, and felt heaviness after eating. I belched up and had chills and fever, and my flesh was flabby, dry and cold. MRS. BARBARA DIESCHWIGEL,
Forsyth St., Alleghany, Pa.

Send for free book on malaria. Address The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Co., Columbus, Ohio.

Winston Tobacco Men.

WINSTON, N. C., Oct. 4.—The Winston Tobacco Association held its annual meeting this afternoon when President Edmunds read his annual report, which showed that 14,061,912 pounds of leaf tobacco were sold on this market for for $88,177; also that 15,344,069 pounds of tobacco were manufactured here during the past year.

The stamp or revenue collections aggregated to $920,524.17.

The new officers elected are as follows: President, M. D. Bailey; vice-President, T. O. Vaughan; Secretary, F. L. Coleman; Treasurer, M. D. Stockton.

FOREIGN.

President Barrios, of Gautemala put a price of $100,000 on the heads of the insurgent leaders, Prospero Morales and Manuel Fuentes.

The torpedo boat destroyers Lynx and Thrasher, grounded at Plymouth, England, during a fog. The Thrasher broke in two. Three stokers were killed and two stokers were injured by the bursting of a steam pipe on board the Thrasher shortly after she grounded.

Wolcott Commission.

LONDON, Oct. 4.—The Times says in a special article this morning.

"The Wolcott commission intends to request the government to give a final and immediate reply to its monetary proposals."

After giving a review of the history of the question the writer of the article concludes: "The core of the whole subject is the question whether bi metallism is wise or foolish. The United States and France says yes. On behalf of Great Britain it is decided to say no. But if yes is to be answered on behalf of India, we shall be in a net of contradictory propositions, indeed, for the keys of the Indian mints are in Downing street no less than the keys of the London mint."

Money to Loan.

$500,000 to loan on life insurance policies in Standard Companies on which three years' premiums have been paid.

Long Time Loans

at lower rates than companies issuing policies are charging, and Seaboard & Roanoke, Durham & Northern, Raleigh & Gaston and North Carolina Railroad stocks also loaned upon The English-American Loan & Trust Co.

PHILIP W. AVERITT,
Investing Atty, Raleigh, N C.

WILLIAM S. BARNES,
WHOLESALE
Produce Commission Merchant,
RALEIGH, N. C.

Will buy or sell for cash only, and STRICTLY ON COMMISSION, Country Produce, Domestic and Foreign Fruits, etc., at wholesale. Specialties, Eggs and Butter. 10,000 dozen eggs can be handled weekly for cash at fair prices.
Consignments and orders solicited.
Returns made promptly.

Guilford College.

Founded in 1837.

Five large and well arranged brick buildings, besides new gymnasium. Science hall now building. Co-educational. Buildings specially planned for both sexes. Location in healthful Piedmont section. 300 acre Dairy Farm. 3 courses leading to degrees. Also Music, Art and Physical training. Correspondence solicited.
President L. L. HOBBS,
Guilford College, N. C.

THE UNIVERSITY.

Forty-seven teachers, 413 students (summer school 158), total, 549, board $8 a month, three brief courses, three full courses, law and medical schools and school of pharmacy. Graduate courses open to women, summer school for teachers, scholarships and loans for the needy.

Address,
PRESIDENT ALDERMAN,
Chapel Hill, N. C

NOTICE!

TO SCHOOL COMMITTEES AND TEACHERS.

If you want a first-class teacher for your school, we can place you in correspondence with same. NO CHARGE. If your school needs furniture or any kind of apparatus, we can save you TIME, TROUBLE and MONEY in buying.

☞ We can be of service to first-class teachers.

CHARLES J. PARKER,
Manager Educational Bureau,
Raleigh, N. C.

STARTOWN : NURSERY.

M. A. THRONEBURG. A. C. SHUFORD.

M A. THRONEBURG & CO.,
NEWTON, N. C.

Fruit Trees, Vines, Plants, &c

Apples, Peaches, Grapes,	10c.
Pears, Plums, Apricots,	20c.
Cherries,	30c.
Silver Maple,	25c.

Catalogues Free. References.

Certificate of Examination of Nursery Stock:

To whom it may concern:

This is to certify that on the 8th day of April, 1897, the nursery grounds of M. A Throneburg & Co., at Newton, N. C., were personally inspected by me, and the growing stock was found free from all species of insects designated as dangerous pests by the Commission, and are apparently healthy in every respect. This certificate does not extend to a longer period than six months from date of examination, nor does it include any stock not grown in the nurseries of the aforesaid.

GERALD McCARTHY,
Botanist and Entomologist.

Approved for the Committee.
H. B BATTLE, Chm'n.

WANTED—Agents to handle our grand new book, "Life of General Robert E. Lee," written by members of his family, and beautifully illustrated. Every Southern family will be interested in it. Splendid chance for canvassers. Liberal terms Send 50c. for outfit. H. C. HUDGINS & CO, Atlanta, Ga.

RICE.

Parties having Rough Rice to sell or Clean Rice to buy will find it to their interest to communicate with our buyers and brokers or direct to us. We pay highest market prices for Rough Rice. CAROLINA RICE MILLS.
Goldsboro, N. C

GOLD DUST. GOLD DUST.

A Bit of Truth

cut from everyday experience. *Knives and forks and hot water don't agree.* You can't change the fact, but you can change the water. The secret of keeping handles on, keeping them white, keeping them tight, is the use of warm water and

GOLD DUST
WASHING POWDER.

The best cleaner in existence for greasy things—and everything else. Sold everywhere. Made only by
THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

TEACHERS WANTED!

Over 4,000 vacancies—several times as many vacancies as members. Must have more members. Several plans; two plans give free registration; one plan GUARANTEES positions. 10 cents pays for book containing plans and a $500 00 love story of College days. No charge to employers for recommending teachers.

SOUTHERN TEACHERS' BUREAU, S. W. Cor. Main & 3d Sts., Louisville, Ky. | REV. DR. O. M. SUTTON, A. M., President and Manager. | SUTTON TEACHERS' BUREAU, 69-71 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

Northern vacancies Chicago office, Southern vacancies Louisville office. One fee registers in both offices.

BULBS
PLANTS
SEEDS
FREE

Catalogue for the Asking. Send Today.

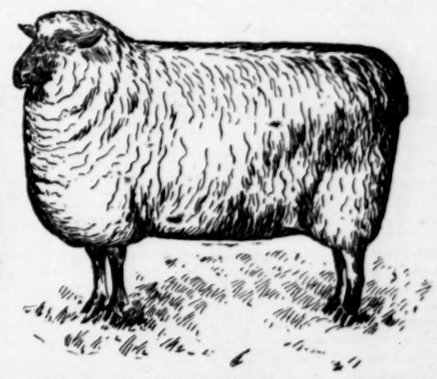
Bulbs for Fall planting—out of doors.
Bulbs for Winter blooming in the house.
Plants for blooming during the Winter.
Plants for decorating.
Seeds for Fall sowing—out of doors.
Seeds for Winter sowing in the house.

Send us 10c. to pay postage and package, and well send you 15 Selected Bulbs, or six packages of Selected Flower Seeds, or six packages (all different) Sweet Peas, or all three collections for 25 cents

THE PAGE SEED COMPANY, GREENE, N. Y.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
CURE CONSTIPATION
REGULATE THE LIVER
10¢ 25¢ 50¢ ALL DRUGGISTS
ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED to cure any case of constipation. Cascarets are the Ideal Laxative, never grip or gripe, but cause easy natural results. Sample and booklet free. Ad. STERLING REMEDY CO., Chicago, Montreal, Can., or New York. 211

ELKIN WOOLEN MILLS.
SHIP YOUR WOOL
THIS YEAR TO
The Chatham M'f'g Co., Elkin, N. C.



They Have Added a Tailoring Department This Year.

And Suits Make to Order.

They have the largest woolen mill in the State. They do the largest custom business in the South, and their goods are the best you can buy for the money. Write them for samples.

BLANKETS!

If the Blanket offerings are favored with intelligent examination, the present Stock will be unequal to the immediate demand These claims are not represented by catch-penny prices, they make an honest appeal to the most critical judgment.

White Blankets.

"Wellington" Blankets, - $2.00 a pair
White, well-made, 60x70 in., 4¼ lb.
"Kennebec" Blankets, - $2 75 a pair
Very slightly and strong, 60x70 in., 4 1-4 lbs.
"Fort Dearborne" Blankets, $4.50 a pair
Extra heavy and all wool, 74x84 in., very handsome.
"North Star" Blankets, - $6.00 a pair
Pure wool, blue border, 76x88 in., 7 lbs.
"White Cloud" Blankets, $10.00 a pair
Extra fine finish and genuine California Blankets—they come in boxes.

Scarlet Blankets.

"Aurora Red" Blankets, - $2 00 a pair
Strong, warm and free from oils.
"Physicians Favorite Blankets, $3 pair
All wool, both warp and filling.

Grey Blankets.

"Royal" 11 4 Blankets, - - 75c a pair
Soft and Pure Cotton.
"Preston" Blankets, - - $2 00 a pair
Wool filling and light cotton warp.
"Confederate Grey" Blankets, $3 a pair
Made of clean scoured wool 60x80 in.

For Baby

"Infants," 32x42, - - - $2 00
"Infants," 36x54, - - - 2 50
"Marguirite," 32x44½, - - 3 00
"Marguirite," 36x64, - - 3 50

Slumber Robes.

"Daisy," - - - - - $1 25
"The Queen," - - - - - 1 50

Comforts.

All kinds at the following prices:

39c., 75c., $1, $1 25, $1.50, $2, $3, $3.50, $5, and those Beautiful Silk Down Comforts, $10.

A New Department.

Lap Robes, - - - 75c. to $7 50
Horse Blankets, - - 50c. to $2 75

All leaders at our celebrated no-competition prices.

Sherwood Higgs Co

Children's Corner

AURORA, N. C. Sept. 24, 1897.

MR. EDITOR:—I am a little girl only twelve years old. Papa is a farmer, and takes THE CAUCASIAN. I enjoy reading it. I am not going to school now, but hope to go soon. I have two brothers and two sisters. We live on the farm in the winter and spring. In the summer we move out on the hill, and spend the summer and fall.

Print this if you can. This is the first time I have attempted to write.

BESSIE B. PENNETT.

NEWTON GROVE, Sept. 24, 1897.

MR. EDITOR:—I am a little Wayne County girl, but am at my Grandpa's going to school. Our teacher's name is Prof. Denning. We all like him very much. If this escapes the waste basket I will come again.

ANNIE E. COX.

NEWTON GROVE, Sept. 24, 1897.

MR. EDITOR:—I am a little girl eleven years old. I go to school at Glenwood High School and enjoy going so much. With success to THE CAUCASIAN I close.

META WILLIAMS.

SEVEN SPRINGS, N. C.

MR EDITOR:—As I have never written to the Childrens Corner I will try for my first time. I am a girl 16 years of age. My father takes your paper. I like to read it very much. If this escapes the waste basket I will write again. Wishing you and THE CAUCASIAN much success.

Yours truly

LENA GRIFFIN

HEMMED IN BY THE SEA.

A BOY'S ADVENTURE IN THE FAROE ISLANDS.

BY DAVID KER.

(Continued from last week.)

He sat there for a long while enjoying the fresh breeze and the splendid view over the sea; but at last he thought of his eggs, and concluded that he had better take them home to his father at once.

Eggs and pouch were all safe when he got down, but as he looked over the cliff to see after his boat, he started as if he had been stung.

The boat gone!

Whether the rope had got loose, or whether it had been worn through by rubbing against the sharp ledges, it was certain that the boat was gone and Eric left upon the rock, without any means of getting off.

Good swimmer as he was, he knew he could not cover a tenth part of the distance; and there was little chance of his being taken off by a fisherman, for very few ever came here; all the fishing went on round the other side of the island.

Altogether it was a very awkward scrape. He clambered to the summit again, and looked long and earnestly over the sea," but neither sail nor boat was to be seen.

"If a storm comes on, it'll blow me bodily off into the sea," he thought; but at least I've climbed where no one else ever came, and that's always something. I must leave some mark, though, to show that I've been here, or no one will ever believe it."

He unwound the long strip of almost canvas that served him for a belt, and, knotting it around a sharp point, left it fluttering in the wind like a pennon, little dreaming how important that shred of sail cloth was soon to be to him. At that moment his eyes caught two white spots in the distance, which grew larger and larger every moment. The birds were coming back to their nest, and finding it empty, would be sure to attack for with.

He barely had time to slide down the ledge and grasp his boat-hook, when they came swooping down. On seeing that the eggs were gone, they uttered a dismal scream; and they, if guessing that he must have done the mischief, fell upon him furiously.

The boy stood his ground manfully, and did his best to keep them off with the boat-hook, but the odds were sorely against him.

It was not long before the larger bird gave him a terrible blow on the fore-head with its strong beak sending the blood pouring down his face; but he instantly repaid it with such a whack of his iron hook that sent Mr. Bird tumbling back against the rock, looking as if he scarcely knew where he was.

This, however, only made the other bird more furious, and poor Eric seemed likely to have a bad time of it when his eye fell upon the cleft where the nest was.

In a moment he dived into it, and rolled a big stone against the mouth, blocking out the enraged birds most effectually.

For a long time he could hear their flapping wings and angry cries outside at finding themselves thus shut out of their own house; but Eric only laughed at them, and tearing off some strips of his shirt, bound up the wound in his fore-head.

At last the birds seemed to get tired of keeping guard to no purpose and flew away. The boy listened till the sound of their wings was lost in the distance, and then he cautiously removed the stone and ventured out.

What he saw then made him feel cold all over, brave though he was. The sun was setting red and angrily; a gray, leaden dullness was creeping over the whole sky, and the wind, was beginning to moan dreamily while far away to the northeast a huge black cloud—a sign of coming storm—was heaving itself up over the darkening sea.

But along with all this he saw another sight that made his heart leap and cool in the distance, standing out the moor and clear against the back-for tenfold of inky cloud, was one ave botary white patch. Could it be a sail? Eric shaded his eyes with his hand and looked long and earnestly. Yes, there could be no doubt of it. It was a sail, and coming right to ward him.

Quick as lightning he sprang up to the highest point of the rock once more, and shouted with all his might again and again.

Presently an answering cry came faintly back, and the boat was soon near enough for him to recognize an old fisherman whom he knew well, Olaf Evertson, by name.

"What Eric Sweynson!" cried the old man in amazement, as he ran along side the rock. "It's like I caught sight of that canvas fluttering up yonder, and came along to see how it got there or I'd have gone home, and never known of your being here at all. Jump in, lad, and let's be off before the storm catches us."

Eric was soon in the boat, and as they flew toward the shore he told his story and showed the eggs that he had taken.

"Well done, my boy! That's the best day's work you ever done in your life. You'll get a big price for those eggs or my name not's Olaf. Your father needn't mind losing his boat now."

But it turned out that the boat was not lost, after all; for the next morning they found her stuck fast among the rocks and very little the worse.

The eggs fetched more money than old Olaf had expected, and for some time after that Eric was the hero of the whole island.

Such was the story I heard by a fireside in a fisherman's cabin on one of those islands.

SUCCESSFUL PHYSICIANS.

We heartily recommend Dr. Hathaway & Co., of 22½ South Broad St., Atlanta, Ga., as being perfectly reliable and remarkably successful in the treatment of chronic diseases of men and women. They cure where others fail. Our readers if in need of medical help should certainly write these eminent doctors and you will receive a free and expert opinion of your case by return mail without cost; this certainly is the right way to do business. They guarantee their cures. Write them to-day.

Under Sentence to Hang.

RED LODGE, Mont., Oct. 1.—Sheriff Dunn has arrested L. M. Moore and Charles Rich. The men are wanted at Marshall, N. C., where they are under sentence to be hanged for burglary, a capital offense in that State if committed after night. The names above given are assumed ones. The men are brothers named George and William Cody. George Cody says he and his brother are innocent of the crime charged.

"Go South"

Chicago Inter Ocean.]

Year by year the number of Northerners who go South instead "further West" increases. With a superb climate, rich soils, abundant minerals, marvelous advantages of water power, and a thoroughly awakened industrial instinct, the future of the Southern States seems to be wonderfully promising.

YELLOW JACK KILLED

Cascarets; Candy Cathartic kills Yellow Jack wherever they find him. No one who takes Cascarets regularly and systematically is in danger from the dreadful disease. Cascarets kills Yellow fever germs in the bowels and prevent new ones from breeding. 10c. 25c. 50c. all druggists.

Ten Dollars a Week for Eight.

It does not seem possible that the table for eight people can be provided for ten dollars a week. But Mrs. Rorer, the most famous cook in America, says it can be done. She has tried it and knows. She proves her case in the Ladies' Home Journal for October. She gives twenty-one menus covering a week's meals, and gives full, practical directions by which any woman can make as attractive meals as Mrs. Rorer explains, for this small sum of ten dollars.

Massachusetts Republican Convention.

BOSTON, Sept. 29.—The Republican State Convention to-day nominated the following ticket by acclamation: For Governor, Roger Wolcott; Lieut. Governor, William M. Crane; Secretary, William M. Olin; Treasurer, E. P. Shaw, Auditor, John W. Kimball; Attorney General, Hoza M. Knowlton. The foregoing are all re-nominations. The platform denounces free silver.

If your child is puny, fretful, troubled with glandular swellings, inflamed eyes or sores on the head, face or body, a course of Ayer's Sarsaparilla is need to expel the scrofulous humors from the blood. The sooner you begin to give this medicine the better.

The New York City Democratic (Tamming) convention last Thursday nominated Robt. A. Van Wyck for Mayor of Greater New York.

$50 in Gold!

Will be Paid to any Man or Woman.

It remains for the celebrated firm of physicians and specialists, Dr. Hathaway & Co., (Regular Graduates Registered), to place a genuine business proposition before the public, which has never been made before.

We agree to treat any person afflicted with any chronic disease and cure them, furnishing medicines and everything necessary for their case, or forfeit $50.00 in gold, providing the patient faithfully follows treatment and directions, and the case is a curable one.

This offer is plain, and there is no catch to it; and furthermore, the offer is good and the money perfectly safe because we are financially responsible.

Dr. Hathaway & Co.'s experience during the last 20 years has proved the fact that they have cured thousands of cases where other doctors have failed, and this warrants them in making this remarkable offer. All persons who are suffering from any chronic disease, have now an opportunity to test the treatment of the acknowledged leading physicians and specialists of this country, with an absolute surety of being cured. Special diseases, such as catarrh, blood poison, weakness of men and women which affect the delicate organs and private diseases of all kinds, rheumatism, stricture, varicocele, rupture, female troubles, skin eruptions, ulcers, kidney and urinary diseases, liver and stomach difficulties, liquor, opium and morphine habits, or any chronic disease. Our treatment can be taken at home under our directions, or, we will pay railroad fare and hotel bill to all who prefer to come to our office for treatment, if we fail to cure. We have the best of financial and professional references and transact our business on a strictly professional basis, promising nothing but what we can fulfill. We do not believe in any of the free prescription, free cure, free sample or C.O.D. frauds, but think it is best in the end to be honest with our patients. Write us to-day; don't delay.

We have carefully prepared Symptom Blanks No 1, for men; No. 2, for women; No. 3, for skin diseases; No. 4, for catarrh, and new 64 page booklet which we will send Free to all who really desire truthful information about their condition. Call or address,

DR. HATHAWAY & CO.,
22½ So. Broad St., Atlanta, Ga.

Mention this paper.

Rush from the Truth,

(Continued From First Page.

trusts will continue to grow and prosper and feed upon and pauperize the vital forces of the nation, until our money is issued by the government, every dollar made a full legal tender, and its quantity increased each year in proportion to the increase in population and business, until the government breaks up the transportation trust and gives to every man and every business and every section of the country an equal opportunity to transport his products at a fair price and without discrimination; until the trust on information and intelligence is broken up by making the telegraph and telephone as a part of the postal system to be operated with the same cheapness and efficiency and fairness as the post office department now is.

No one can honestly say that he is opposed to trusts unless he favors these reforms, unless he is in favor of removing the evils that produce trusts. Was there ever a trust in this country until half the greenbacks were burned, silver demonetized, and the transportation lines of the country were gobbled up and monopolized by the Rothschilds and the Morgans. Every well informed man who is patriotic, and every patriotic man who is well informed knows that prosperity can never be restored in this country, neither can a government of the people be reestablished, no matter what other laws we may have or not have, until these overshadowing evils, these monster trusts producers are rooted up and crushed out.

In order that the above ideas may be more clearly and fully presented, I wish to ask you to give space and publish as an appendix to this card the address issued by unanimous vote of the Populist Congressmen and Senators and the Teller Silver Republicans with reference to the tariff in contradistinction to the great and vital economic issues now before the country.

In conclusion, I wish to beg pardon for asking for so much of your space, but the vital importance of these questions to the welfare of our people and the perpetuity of our government is such that it is impossible for me to make a clear statement with reference to them in shorter space.

Yours respectfully,

MARION BUTLER.

Elliot, N. C., Sept. 25, '97.

The following is the Populist address referred to above, which is clipped from the daily press of March 31st:

POPULISTS AND TARIFF.

A Statement Issued by The Peoples Party Caucus.

NO TARIFF LEGISLATION

Will Restore Prosperity—They Have No Faith in The Dingley Bill as a Step Towards Prosperity—It Is Designed By The Republicans to Create a False Agitation to Divert The Attention of The People From The Real and Vital Issues—Hard Times is Caused By The Gold Standard and Monopoly Rule.

WASHINGTON, D. C, March 31.—A joint caucus of the Populists members of the Senate and House was held Monday evening to discuss the course of that party toward the tariff bill. As a result the following address was issued:

"The tariff has been the battle-door and shuttlecock of politics for more than one hundred years, and its final settlement is more distant than when the controversy began.

"During this period the country has experienced at different times both prosperity and hard times, not only under a high tariff but also under a low tariff; but it has always experienced hard times when there was a contraction of the money volume, no matter whether the tariff was high or low.

"When the Cleveland Republican combination repealed the purchasing clause of the Sherman act, and stopped the use of new money, the crash came; notwithstanding the McKinley tariff remained in force a year and a half thereafter, and when the Democratic Wilson bill became a law the evils of contraction were not mitigated by it, but times have continued to grow worse. We have no faith in either a Republican or Democratic tariff as a remedy for the evils of the gold standard and monopoly rule.

"We recognize the fact that all former tariff legislation, as well as the proposed measure, has many unjust discriminations, and works hardships to many industries and unreasonably fosters others.

"The chief Republican complaint against the Wilson bill however, is that it does not produce sufficient revenue for the support of the government. This lack of revenue is not the result of defects in the bill as it was passed by Congress, but resulted from a decision of the Supreme Court, which declared the income tax unconstitutional. There are many ways to supply the deficiency without renewing the tariff agitation. The most direct and effective method would be to restore silver and increase the circulating medium so as to restore the level of prices which existed prior to the demonetization of that metal. If that could be done, the present tariff law, with the money derived from the other sources, would create a surplus and not a deficiency. If the money powers are strong enough to postpone relief in that way, ample revenue could be derived from a tax on a few articles which would produce revenue; or what might be still better, a reduction of needless expenditures, such as extravagant appropriations of money for river and harbors, not required by the needs of commerce, and the like.

"We do not regard the Dingley bill as a revenue measure. It is extremely doubtful if it will produce as much revenue as the Wilson bill. Nor is it a tariff for protection in any sense. It is emphatically a tariff for agitation. The discrimination and inequality of the bill will create great dissatisfaction. It seems to us designed by the Republican party to create such a tariff agitation as will divert the attention of the people from the misery they suffer on account of a contraction of money and the rule of monopolies. Tariff agitators who are usually either ignorantly or knowingly the tools of monopolists and the money trust, have succeeded for the last twenty years in deluding many voters into the belief that the misery they endure results wholly from the wickedness of the tariff proposed or passed by the opposite party. The sole object of the gold Republicans seems to be to engage the Democratic party in the old chronic tariff war, and thereby sidetrack all other questions or issues which they fear to meet, and the right solution which alone can bring general prosperity.

These and other like considerations have induced the Populists in the two Houses of Congress to decline to recognize the tariff issue as a proper subject to divide parties until the main issue of the money question and the rule of monopolies is settled. They refuse to countenance any scheme which will keep up the chronic fight over the tariff to enable the money trust to avoid a decision on the real and vital issues between the people and concentrated wealth.

"While the Populists will do all in their power in both Houses of Congress to remedy the manifest defects in the Wilson bill and to secure to farmers and laborers such protection as shall correspond with the protection in both the McKinley and the Wilson bill of finished products, to equalize the burden of taxation necessary to raise sufficient revenue, and to also equitably distribute the benefits resulting from such a tariff, yet if they refrain from voting for or against the Dingley bill on its final passage, it will be to avoid even the appearance of promoting the continuance of the tariff agitation to side track the vital and overshadowing question of financial and monopoly reforms and also to avoid giving countenance to the contention that any tariff legislation, however wise and just, could remove existing evils and bring general prosperity."

The address is signed by all the Populist Senators and representatives.

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Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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	No. 403.	No. 41.
Lv New York, Penn. R. R	*11 00am	*8 00pm
Philadelphia	1 12pm	12 05am
Baltimore	3 15pm	2 50am
Washington	4 40pm	4 30am
Richmond, A. C. L.	8 56am	9 05am
Norfolk, S. A. L.	*8 35pm	9 05am
Portsmouth	8 45pm	9 20am
Weldon	*11 28pm	*11 55am
Ar Henderson	*12 26am	*1 39pm
Ar Durham	†7 32am	†4 09pm
Lv Durham	†5 20pm	†11 10am
Raleigh	*2 16am	*3 34pm
Sanford	3 35am	5 03pm
So. Pines	4 22am	5 55pm
Hamlet	5 10am	6 53pm
Wadesboro	5 54am	8 11pm
Monroe	6 43am	9 12pm
Charlotte	*8 30am	*10 25pm
Ar Chester	*8 10am	*10 47pm
Lv Columbia, C. N. & L. R. R.	†6 00pm	
Clinton, S. A. L.	*9 45am	*12 10am
Greenwood	10 35am	1 07am
Abbeville	11 05am	1 40am
Elberton	12 07pm	2 41am
Ar Athens	1 15pm	3 45am
Ar Winder	1 59pm	4 30am
Ar Atlanta (Central time)	2 50pm	5 20am

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 402.	No. 38
Lv Atlanta (Central time)	*12 00n'n	*7 50pm
Lv Winder	2 40pm	10 42pm
Lv Athens	3 16pm	11 26pm
Elberton	4 15pm	12 33pm
Abbeville	5 15pm	1 40am
Greenwood	5 41pm	2 05am
Clinton	*6 34pm	*3 05am
Ar Columbia C. N. & L. R. R.	†7 00am	
Lv Chester, S. A. L.	*8 13pm	*4 33am
Ar Charlotte	*10 25pm	*8 30am
Lv Monroe	*9 40pm	*6 05am
Hamlet	*11 25pm	8 15am
Ar Wilmington	5 30am	*12 30pm
So. Pines	*12 14am	9 20am
Raleigh	*2 16am	*11 35am
Ar Henderson	3 28am	*1 00pm
Ar Durham	†7 32am	†4 09pm
Lv Durham	†5 20pm	†11 10am
Ar Weldon	*4 55am	*3 00pm
Richmond A. C. L.	8 15am	6 50pm
Washington, Penn R R.	12 31pm	11 10pm
Baltimore	1 43n'n	12 48am
Philadelphia	3 50pm	3 45am
New York	*6 23pm	*6 53am
Ar Portsmouth	7 30am	5 50pm
Norfolk	*7 50am	6 05pm

*Daily. †Daily Ex. Sunday. ‡Daily Ex. Monday.

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A. & N. C. RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE.

To take effect Wednesday Nov. 27, 1895.

EASTBOUND TRIANS.

	STATIONS	1 Mixed Frt and Pass Tues. Thrs and Sat. A. M.	3 Passenger Daily except Sunday P. M.
W	Goldsboro*	7 20	3 20
Lv	Bests	s 7 35	s 3 40
W	LaGrange*	s 8 16	s 3 49
	Falling Creek	s 8 37	s 4 00
W	Kinston*	s 9 24	s 4 12
	Caswell	f 9 38	f 4 21
Ar	Dover	s 9 53	s 4 30
Lv		10 15	
W	Core Creek	s 10 40	s 4 42
	Tuscarora	s 11 15	f 4 54
	Clark's	f 11 31	f 5 00
W	Newbern*	12 05	5 15
Ar		s 1 30	s 5 25
Lv	Riverdale	s 2 12	f 5 50
	Croatan	s 2 20	f 5 53
	Havelock	s 2 43	s 6 05
W	Newport*	s 3 12	s 6 18
	Wildwood	3 25	f 6 24
	Atlantic	f 3 31	f
Ar	Morehead City*	s 3 46	s 6 37
Lv		s 3 51	s 6 42
	Atlantic Hotel		
W	M. City Depot*	4 01	6 50
Ar		P. M.	P. M.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

	STATIONS.	4 Passenger Daily except Sunday. A. M.	2 Mixed frt and Pass. Mon. Wed and Fri. P. M.
Ar	Goldsboro*	11 25	8 00
	Bests	s 11 03	s 7 20
W	LaGrange*	s 10 52	s 6 50
	Falling Creek	s 10 42	s 6 20
W	Kinston*	s 10 32	s 6 00
	Caswell	f 10 20	f 5 18
Lv	Dover	s 10 12	s 5 00
Ar			s 4 20
W	Core Creek	s 10 00	s 4 00
	Tuscarora	f 9 50	s 3 38
	Clark's	f 9 42	f 3 20
			P. M.
Lv	Newbern*	s 9 30	s 2 50
Ar		s 9 17	s 10 47
	Riverdale	f 8 53	s 10 10
	Croatan	f 8 49	s 10 00
	Havelock	s 8 40	s 9 40
W	Newport*	s 8 26	s 9 06
	Wildwood	f 8 19	f 8 47
	Atlantic	f 8 15	f 8 38
Lv	Morehead City*	s 8 07	s 8 20
Ar		s 8 02	s 8 15
	Atlantic Hotel		
Lv	M. City Depot	7 45	7 50
		A. M.	A. M.

W—Water stations. f—Stop on Signal *—Telegraph station. †—Passing point. s—Regular stops.

S. L. DILL, Supt.

Southern Railroad.

(PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.)

Condensed Schedule.

In Effect June 14, 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE RALEIGH DAILY:

"NORFOLK AND CHATTANOOGA LIMITED."

3:40 p. m., daily—Solid vestibuled train with sleeper from Raleigh, N. C., to Chattanooga, via Salisbury, Morganton, Asheville, Hot Springs and Knoxville.

Connects at Durham for Oxford, Clarksville and Keysville, except Sunday. At Greensboro with the Washington and Southwestern Vestibuled, limited, train for all points north, and with main line train No. 12 for Danville, Richmond and intermediate station; also has connection for Winston-Salem, and with main line train No. 35, "United States Fast Mail" for Charlotte, Spartanburg, Greenville, Atlanta and all points South; also Columbia, Augusta, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, and all points in Florida. Sleeping car for Atlanta, Jacksonville and at Charlotte with sleeping car for Augusta.

"CHATTANOOGA AND NORFOLK LIMITED."

11:45 a. m., daily—Solid train consisting of Pullman sleeping cars and coaches from Chattanooga to Raleigh, arriving at Norfolk 5:20 p. m., in time to connect with the Old Dominion, Merchants' and Miners', Norfolk and Washington and Baltimore, Chesapeake and Richmond S. S. Co.'s for all points north and east.

Connects at Selma for Fayetteville and intermediate stations on the Wilson and Fayetteville Short Cut daily; daily except Sunday for Newberne and Morehead City; daily for Goldsboro and Wilmington and intermediate stations on the Wilmington and Weldon railroad.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

8:53 a. m., daily—Connects at Durham for Oxford, Keysville, Richmond; at Greensboro for Washington and all points north.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

3:09 p. m. daily—For Goldsboro and intermediate stations.

LOCAL.

2:00 a. m., daily—Connects at Greensboro for all points for north and south and Winston-Salem and points on the Northwestern North Carolina railroad. At Salisbury for all points in Western North Carolina, Knoxville, Tenn., Cincinnati, and western points; at Charlotte for Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens, Atlanta and all points south.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT RALEIGH:

EXPRESS TRAIN.

3:09 p. m. daily—From Atlanta, Charlotte Greensboro and all points south.

LOCAL.

7:10 a. m., daily—From Greensboro and all points north and south. Sleeping car from Greensboro to Raleigh.

"NORFOLK AND CHATTANOOGA LIMITED."

3:40 p. m., daily—From all points east, Norfolk, Tarboro, Wilson and water lines. From Goldsboro, Wilmington, Fayetteville, and all points in Eastern Carolina.

"CHATTANOOGA AND NORFOLK LIMITED."

11:40 a. m. daily—From New York, Washington, Lynchburg, Danville and Greensboro, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Hot Springs and Asheville.

LOCAL.

9:00 p. m., daily except Sunday—From Goldsboro and all points east.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

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CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Aug. 1st, 1897.	No. 23 Daily.	No. 25 Daily.	No. 41 Daily.	No. 49 Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.
Lv Weldon	11 50	9 43		
Ar Rocky Mount	12 52	10 35		
Lv Tarboro	12 12			
Lv Rocky Mount,	12 52	10 35	5 45	12 45
Lv Wilson	2 06	11 16	6 20	2 12
Lv Selma	3 00			
Lv Fayetteville	4 45	1 14		
Ar Florence	7 35	3 25		
	P. M.	A. M.		
Lv Goldsboro			7 01	3 10
Ar Magnolia			8 08	4 16
Ar Wilmington			9 30	5 45
			A. M.	P. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No 78 Daily.	No 32 Daily.	No 40 Daily.	No 48 Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.		
Lv Florence	8 45	8 15		
Lv Fayetteville	11 20	10 20		
Lv Selma	1 00			
Ar Wilson	1 42	12 10		
			P. M.	A. M.
Lv Wilmington			7 15	9 35
Lv Magnolia			8 55	10 59
Lv Goldsboro			10 10	11 58
	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Lv Wilson	1 42	12 15	11 50	12 43
Ar Rocky Mount,	2 33	12 53	11 57	1 20
Lv Tarboro	12 12			
Lv Rocky Mount,	2 33	12 53		
Ar Weldon	3 39	1 44		
	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	

†Daily except Monday. ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 4:10 p. m., Halifax 4:28 p. m., arrives Scotland Neck at 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m., arriving Halifax 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 1:00 p. m., arrive Parmele 6:10 a. m. and 2:40 p. m., returning leave Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6:30 p. m., arrive Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m., daily.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday 5:30 p. m., Sunday 4:05 p. m., arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m., 6 p. m., returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 7:50 a. m., and Sunday 9 a. m., arrives Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro daily, except Sunday, 7:10 a. m., arriving Smithfield 8:30 a. m., returning leaves Smithfield 9.00 a. m., arrives at Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount at 4:30 p. m., arrive Nashville 5:05 p. m., Spring Hope 5:30 p. m., returning leave Spring Hope 8:00 a. m., Nashville 8:35 a. m., arrive at Rocky Mount 9:05 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 11:15 a. m., and 4:10 p. m., returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 a. m. and 3:00 p. m.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina R. R. for Norfolk and all points North via Norfolk.

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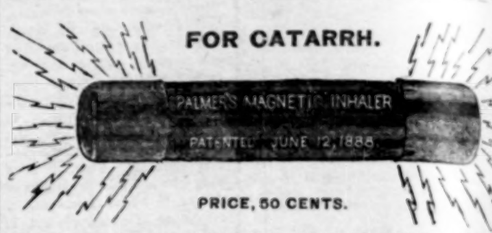

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